

THE UNITED STATES
IS IN THIS WAR
TO WIN

The Chicago Daily Tribune

HOME
EDITION

VOLUME LXXVI.—NO. 189. C.

[COPRIGHT: 1917.
BY THE TRIBUNE COMPANY.]

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

THIS PAPER CONSISTS OF
TWO SECTIONS—SECTION ONE

* PRICE TWO CENTS.

3 MEN TO 1 TO BEAT GERMANS

WILSON URGES WAR BODIES TO CHECK PRICES

Wants Early Stop to
Skyrocketing and
Profiteering.

(By a Staff Correspondent.)
Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—[Special]—President Wilson wants all agencies of the government to hasten their war work.

Having let it be known yesterday that he wished congress to expedite enactment of food administration and revenue legislation and then take a rest, the president today made a personal visit to the federal trade commission and the department of justice, with the particular aim in view of spurring action relating to high prices.

Government regulation of prices during the war is one of the subjects known to be uppermost in the president's mind, and those close to him believe he is getting somewhat impatient over the failure of government forces thus far to gain control of the situation.

STOP SOARING PRICES.
The president is known to want action that will stop the skyrocketing of prices as soon as possible, and he proposes to do everything in his power to hasten work already undertaken along that line by the trade commission and the department of justice.

Early in the day the president left the White House and walked to the department of commerce building, where the trade commission offices are located. He entered the offices unannounced, and caused a hubbub among employees as the news of his arrival quickly spread. For half an hour he conferred with members of the commission, which issued the following brief statement:

"The visit of the president was for the purpose of ascertaining the progress being made in the cost determining work now being conducted by the trade commission can bring to bear on operators."

COAL COST A BUGABOO.

Later it was learned that the president had discussed particularly the coal situation and the Pomerene amendment to the food bill, which provides that the commission shall, under direction of the president, fix coal prices and take over coal mines whenever in the judgment of the president operators violate the dictums of the government.

For several weeks the president has had the commission looking into the cost of coal production and he is anxious to have that work completed by the time he signs the food bill, which he expects to do early next week. Then the commission and the president will have power to take some real action regarding coal prices, and it is understood that they are preparing to do so quickly.

OTHER COSTS UNDER SCRUTINY.
The commission is also looking into costs to find a basis for prices to be paid by the government for other materials, including steel, iron, petroleum, wire, zinc, copper, lead, cement, and lumber.

The copper investigation will be completed within a few days.

The commission is finding steel costs difficult to determine, inasmuch as costs differ widely among the manufacturers of the country.

Following his visit to the trade commission, the president visited the department of justice, which also is conducting an inquiry with a view to breaking up price boosting combinations in various traded coal in particular.

It has been reported that dissolution of some coal combines is being sought and that the president desires to be in close touch with the situation.

**Now, if They Were Golf
Balls, We'd Lower It.**

Walking into his corner of the Evanston community war garden, John F. Burchmore of 2407 Harrison street suddenly stopped, scanned the globe intently, and scratched his head. Before him lay a nice crop of tennis balls.

"I don't remember planting these," he soliloquized.

A ball bouncing off the top of his head caused him to look around. The mystery was solved. Racquetters from the adjoining municipal tennis court were batting balls over the garden wall. Mr. Burchmore telephoned the police. The fence is to be raised four feet.

JOIN FORCES

Governors in favor of meeting to determine unity of action.

SEEK FEDERAL COAL CONTROL IN 16 STATES

Seizure to be asked
at Conference
Here.

THE TRIBUNE yesterday telegraphed to the governors of the states who will be asked to attend the midwest conference in Chicago to take action to force down the prices of coal. The following replies were received:

Gov. Nubek, South Dakota:
"I am, of course, in hearty sympathy with the efforts to secure the necessary coal supply for the coming winter period," wired Gov. Peter Norbeck of South Dakota. "I do not believe that natural conditions justify the prices asked by coal operators and dealers, nor do I believe that the apparent shortage is due to natural causes. Private enterprises should be in a position to mine and market coal more economically than if it were done under state or national ownership with its necessary red tape and probable inefficiency, but the country must have coal and have it at lower prices and there may be no other remedy than to have the mines taken over by the nation or by the states. Quick action is necessary. If a meeting is called as suggested, I will attend and our council of defense will also send representatives."

Gov. Gardner, Missouri:
"I favor a conference of state councils to consider coal prices and fix reasonable prices at the mines. The present figure will cause much suffering among the people and retard industries. In such conference there should be sufficient wisdom to devise a method for reaching a satisfactory price."

Gov. Hardin, Iowa:
"The coal price problem as a legal question is one for federal legislation. The governors and state councils can by proper organization and use of state powers, if they act in unison, require reduction of price of coal. I favor drastic measures in dealing with all parties who charge exorbitant prices and believe the states must speak in strong terms in order to move congress to action."

Gov. Capper, Kansas:
"Coal operators of Kansas are making more money than ever before. The cost of production has risen only 20 per cent, while the prices to the public have advanced more than 80 per cent. In my opinion the solution of the coal problem lies in the pressure which the combined federal and state government can bring to bear on operators."

MAY URGE U. S. LAW.
The other plan is to request these states to join in urging congress to pass legislation creating a federal coal board with full powers over price and distribution and having the means of rendering complete and instant relief. Seizure both by individual states and the proposed federal board will be discussed.

The coal operators had expected a drastic move, but not the recommendation of actual seizure of their properties. While admitting the right of the state to take over the mines, they held it would be a grave blunder against public interest to attempt such action now. They unequivocally denied that exorbitant prices are being charged.

"How can the state run the mines after it seizes them?" questioned one operator. "If it takes my mine, it will have to get me or some other coal man to run them."

LAWYERS UPHOLD STATE.
Hurred consultations with lawyers followed. The lawyers said that the state can seize the mines as a war measure.

It is known that Levy Mayer, who prepared the report, as legal adviser and member of the state council of defense, consulted with other high legal authorities and found they were in agreement with his findings.

AXE SWEEPING U. S. ACTION.
The state has about 500 mines in operation, which last year produced 70,000 tons of coal, and with lands, railroad connections and mining facilities, are estimated to be worth about \$1,000,000.

The hope was expressed by the council in its recommendations that the surrounding states will join in urging congress to enact a law that will confer full and sweeping powers of control over coal prices and distribution in an administrative body of the federal government which would have machinery to give complete and instant relief. The coal operators voiced approval of this suggestion, and decided it to be the only means of solving the producing and distributing problems that surround them this year.

From information gathered last night it is not believed that Gov. Lowden will make any immediate move to act on the recommendations of the council until after the conference of state representatives in Chicago, and that he will urge the adoption of a similar program for all the states, and to be made effective in the same way and on the same day throughout the mid-west.

Stinson has developed into one of the most marvelous airmen in the United States and his daily stunts in the air are attracting attention. He has perfect control of his machine, is accurate in timing his speeds, and seems to have no such things as nerves or fear.

It is said that Mrs. Gray has made repeated flights and goes up with aviators fearlessly and smiling. She showed no nervousness on landing.

Stinson will continue training aviation students until next spring, when he expects to go to France as one of the leaders of America's aviation forces.

JAZZLESS BOSTON HAS NO STICKUPS OR CABARETS!

Our Aldermen Find
Town Gloomy Spot
for Live Ones.

BY JOHN KELLEY.

Boston, Mass., Aug. 7.—[Special]—Chicago aldermen who are in Boston to get first hand information as to how the liquor business is conducted, especially by saloons, will have an enlightening report to make to the city council when they return. First of all, Boston saloonkeepers obey the law. That will startle Chicago. There has been but one reversion of a saloon license here in the last ten years. A reversion means that what the word implies. There is no restoration. That, too, will startle Chicago.

There are no screens or curtains in the saloons of Boston to obstruct the view of the interior from persons passing on the sidewalk. This fact, it is said by city officials and members of the licensing board, is one reason why the saloon business in Boston is looked upon as legitimate, the same as a baker's shop, a meat market, or a hardware store.

They did not bring up legal objections; rather they insisted that the state council's inquiry, on which the recommendation is made, was superficial. They argued that prices were not unreasonable with costs what they are.

LAWDEN WITHHOLDS OPINION.

It is understood that the state defense council has small expectation that the operators will cut prices now under stress of the threat of seizure.

The council's report was forwarded last evening to Gov. Lowden. He announced at 4 p. m. in Springfield that he would not discuss what he will do until he has studied the report.

The council suggested two ways for reducing coal prices. The first one is to hold a conference of representatives of fifteen midwestern states in Chicago on Aug. 16 to agree on adequate and uniform measures of relief through the central west. The states are Pennsylvania, Ohio, West Virginia, Kentucky, Indiana, Michigan, Illinois, Tennessee, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, Wisconsin, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas.

MADE URGENT.

The other plan is to request these states to join in urging congress to pass legislation creating a federal coal board with full powers over price and distribution and having the means of rendering complete and instant relief. Seizure both by individual states and the proposed federal board will be discussed.

The coal operators had expected a drastic move, but not the recommendation of actual seizure of their properties.

While admitting the right of the state to take over the mines, they held it would be a grave blunder against public interest to attempt such action now.

They unequivocally denied that exorbitant prices are being charged.

"How can the state run the mines after it seizes them?" questioned one operator. "If it takes my mine, it will have to get me or some other coal man to run them."

STICKUP! WHAT'S A STICKUP?
"Do you have many saloon stickups here in the winter?" asked Tomon.

"I don't quite grasp the significance of your query," said the commissioner.

"Hedgeup," continued the salorman.

"You know, the old stuff with a gun."

"If you means a robbery by means of firearms for intimidation," said Mr. Dean, "I can say that we have had only one case of that kind in ten years."

NO TEMPORARY BAR PERMITS.

No temporary bar permits are issued for licenses or dances. Public dances are compelled to close at 2 o'clock. The police force, says Mayor Curley, is efficient and the dance law is strictly enforced.

It is known that Levy Mayer, who prepared the report, as legal adviser and member of the state council of defense, consulted with other high legal authorities and found they were in agreement with his findings.

THE NEW ARMY.

Another page of names of men accepted yesterday for the National Army by the Draft Exemption Boards in Chicago is printed in "The Tribune" this morning. See Page 8.

**LOOPS 30 LOOPS;
WOMAN IN PLANE;
BREAKS RECORD**

Norfolk, Va., Aug. 7.—[Special]—Fifty thousand spectators in Newport News, Hampton, and along the shores of the Chesapeake were thrilled today by the spectacular performance of Aviator Edward Stinson, an instructor in the Roads aviation school, who broke the world's record for looping the loop in an airplane, carrying a passenger. Thirty times Stinson made a complete circle in the air, accomplishing the feat in an incredible short space of time.

Stinson, with Mrs. Robin Gray of Norfolk, as a passenger, went from the aviation school field with the avowed intention of establishing a new record. Ascending 4,000 feet in his plane, Stinson began a lightning descent, quickly beginning his loops with graceful curves, accurately timed, a thousand feet of the ground, when he glided forward to a perfect landing in the field.

Army officers and spectators cheered the daring aviator and his fair passenger as they left the machine. Other aviators declared it was an unheard of feat, requiring perfect driving powers and iron nerve.

Stinson has developed into one of the most marvelous airmen in the United States and his daily stunts in the air are attracting attention. He has perfect control of his machine, is accurate in timing his speeds, and seems to have no such things as nerves or fear.

It is said that Mrs. Gray has made repeated flights and goes up with aviators fearlessly and smiling. She showed no nervousness on landing.

Stinson will continue training aviation students until next spring, when he expects to go to France as one of the leaders of America's aviation forces.

**BUY 500 TONS OF
YARN; RED CROSS
WOMEN TO KNIT**

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—One million pounds of woolen yarn to be knitted by American women into garments to protect American soldiers and sailors from cold this winter have been purchased by the Red Cross. It is to be distributed to the chapters throughout the United States, the proceeds to be turned back into the treasury of the Red Cross and made available for other work.

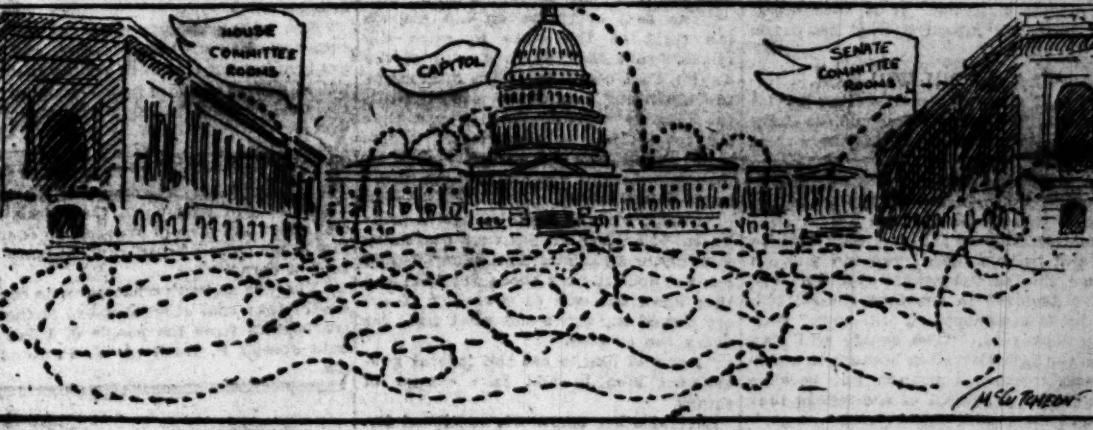
The three spinning mills are now engaged in making the yarn. It will furnish material for 1,300,000 sweaters or 2,000,000 pairs of woolen socks. It could be turned into 2,000,000 mufflers or 8,000,000 knitted wristlets. When worked into finished shape the material will present over \$2,000,000 worth of value and \$5,700,000 value in the time and effort of American women.

Contracts have been let by the navy department for four and one-half million yards of woolen uniform cloth at an aggregate cost of more than \$15,000,000. This is the largest purchase of woolen cloth ever made by the navy.

(Continued on page 3, column 3.)

CARTOONS OF THE DAY

[Copyright: 1917. By John T. McCutcheon.]



THE WEATHER.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1917.

Sunrise 6:30; sunset 7:01; Moon rises at 9:49 p. m. and visibility 7 miles.

Wind: 5 miles per hour.

Barometer: 30.02.

Temperature: 70° F.

Humidity: 70%.

Cloudiness: 70%.

Visibility: 7 miles.

Wind: 5 miles per hour.

Barometer: 30.02.

Temperature: 70° F.

Humidity: 70%.

Cloudiness: 70%.

Visibility: 7 miles.

Wind: 5 miles per hour.

Barometer: 30.02.

Temperature: 70° F.

Humidity: 70%.

Cloudiness: 70%.

Visibility: 7 miles.

Wind: 5 miles per hour.

Barometer: 30.02.

Temperature: 70° F.

Humidity: 70%.

Cloudiness: 70%.

and turn the isolated segments of his front.

Von Hindenburg's front cannot be broken by a slight numerical superiority of men and guns, nor even by double his force, but if the proportion jumps to 3 to 1, artillery and the flying corps included, the result will be a catastrophe for him—the annihilation of the German army.

To accomplish this it is the Franco-British plan to have the German troops as possible without regard to their own losses so long as they are less than the enemy's. Thus every arriving contingent of Americans increases the ratio of the allied superiority.

Much has been hinted concerning France's weakening morale. The nation indeed has been bled severely, while holding its own. Germany by this time will England was prepared. But the Chemin des Dames fighting in the last three months has been as fierce as the crown prince's most savage attempts before Verdun, and he has failed everywhere to retake observations points captured by the French.

French Situation Improves.

The importance of the Chemin des Dames fighting has been overlooked because of the German and British States' war preparations and Great Britain's opening strokes. Nevertheless, the French doggedness and willingness to continue fighting for liberty and to crush militarism has been proved just as effectively this year as last year at Verdun.

The French situation is improving continually because of the honorable discharge of the older classes of the army and the continual resistance of farmers for agricultural work and of skilled laborers for making munitions.

A subtle and premature peace propaganda is afoot everywhere and while it is discussed idly and unthinkingly, it is probably, rejected reluctantly, because of the principles of its false militarism and its "brotherhood of man" disguise and revealed as a German plot to prevent a stain upon the Hohenzollerns and the militarists.

With the die cast for the continuance of the war, and the allied powers firmly knit together than ever, the fiercest fighting yet is coming as the veterans prepare to meet the diehards who would have the United States enter the war when it takes the field in force.

Silent on Winter Plans.

London, Aug. 7.—It is believed in well informed circles here that the silence of the German papers about the plans for equipping the Kaiser's armies for another winter campaign are the result of the censorship, which is now barring all discussion of the possibilities of such a campaign.

Last year at this time there was a brave show on the part of the German press to indicate how well cared for "Fritz" would be during the third winter. There are no such allusions to the fourth winter.

Several bets have been made here in the last few days at 5 to 7 that the war will be ended by November, and those taking the wagers place much significance on the German silence about preparations for the fourth winter campaign.

FIRM EXPELLED FOR GAMBLING ON BUTTER BOARD

Morgan, Kuhn Co. yesterday were expelled from the Chicago butter and egg board because of evidence submitted that the firm sold to David W. Davis, company five cars of April cheese, which they failed to deliver. When sued for delivery Morgan, Kuhn Co. submitted a sworn affidavit stating that the sale was purely a gambling proposition and they had no intention of making the delivery.

Directors of the board, when apprised of the sale, the amount involved, immediately voted to expel. A two-thirds vote of the members was needed, however, and action was deferred until yesterday, when, at a special meeting, the necessary majority was easily secured.

Threats of suits and injunctions are said to have been made against the board and its directors as the result of the action, but the directors feel little uneasiness, claiming that the action was only in accordance with the rules forbidding fictitious or gambling transactions on the board, and that Morgan, Kuhn Co. were aware of this before entering into the disputed deal.

DENIES NATION IS MENACED BY LABOR TROUBLE

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—[Special]—The first labor conference in the United States are as serious as to menace the nation's war preparations were denied by Secretary of Labor Wilson after a meeting of the cabinet today, at which the labor situation was thoroughly canvassed.

Secretary Wilson, who has made a careful study of labor conditions throughout the country, said that there was no serious trouble in the United States, and that the disturbances threatening the nation's war activities. He expressed himself as optimistic over the general situation.

"From what I have been able to learn," Secretary Wilson said as he was leaving the meeting, "conditions among the laboring classes in this country are not nearly so serious as they were in Europe at the outbreak of the war, where very little, if any, trouble has been experienced. The leaders of labor in the United States are cooperating in every way with the administration to bring about the best results that can be obtained, and I find little unrest among the toilers."

U. S. TO BUILD AIRCRAFT PLANT

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—Construction of an aircraft factory at the League Island navy yard, Philadelphia, to cost approximately \$1,000,000, and to be completed in 100 days, was ordered today by Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

The plant will employ 2,000 workers and will be capable of producing a thousand small planes yearly.

"In view of the enormous expansion of the airplane industry now being undertaken in the United States," the secretary said, in announcing his decision, "it was felt that it was necessary to increase the navy department's facilities along these lines, not only to enable the navy to have a part at least of its needs, but in order that the navy and private plants might be relieved of the experimental development which they have hitherto undertaken and turn their whole attention to the maximum production of approved types."

Allies Aid U. S. Airmen.

Paris, Aug. 7.—It was announced today that American aviation services today that American airmen had been picked to enter British, French, and Italian aviation schools in time to complete their training at the earliest possible moment.

FOOD BILL NOW NEARS END OF WILD CAREER

Vote in Senate Today Will Decide Fate of the Measure.

[By A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

Washington, D. C., Aug. 7.—[Special]—The Senate will vote on the conference report on the food control bill at 4 o'clock tomorrow without further debate.

Unanimous consent to take the vote on the long delayed administration measure at that hour was granted by the senate late today at the request of Senator Chamberlain, in charge of the bill.

In the meantime the house had adopted a motion to adjourn. This means that it will not be possible to send the bill to the president for his approval until Friday, for it has to be signed by the speaker in the presence of the house.

Supporters of the food bill expressed confidence tonight that the conference report will be agreed to by the senate. The house already has approved it.

Sherman Renewed Attack.

Senator Sherman of Illinois renewed his attack on the bill, declaring he would not be responsible to send the bill to the president for his approval until Friday, for it has to be signed by the speaker in the presence of the house.

The principal coal counties of the state and their estimated output are:

Number of mines. Annual tonnage.

County—Williamson 42 18,000,000

Lincoln 12 12,000,000

Scioto 88 10,000,000

STATE SEIZURE A TASK

Illinois' Huge Output of Coal Would Make Control a Real Problem for Administration.

The stupendous task the state government would face should it attempt control of the coal output may be determined from the fact that Illinois is the third largest coal producing state in the country. The output of its mines last year was 70,000,000 tons. The mines of West Virginia and the state will exceed this year.

The operators of Illinois believe that under favorable labor and transportation conditions this year the tonnage of the mines of this state will exceed that of West Virginia and place the state in second rank in coal production.

The output of Illinois' coal is 100,000 tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

Output of Counties.

The principal coal counties of the state and their estimated output are:

Number of mines. Annual tonnage.

County—Williamson 42 18,000,000

Lincoln 12 12,000,000

Scioto 88 10,000,000

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

Output of Counties.

The principal coal counties of the state and their estimated output are:

Number of mines. Annual tonnage.

County—Williamson 42 18,000,000

Lincoln 12 12,000,000

Scioto 88 10,000,000

The railroad burns about 15,000 tons of Illinois coal, steel mills, blacksmiths and furnaces use 10,000,000 tons, iron and steel plants use 10,000,000 tons and houses, hotels, and stockyards burn the remainder. A considerable portion is shipped outside of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

Output of Counties.

The principal coal counties of the state and their estimated output are:

Number of mines. Annual tonnage.

County—Williamson 42 18,000,000

Lincoln 12 12,000,000

Scioto 88 10,000,000

The railroad burns about 15,000 tons of Illinois coal, steel mills, blacksmiths and furnaces use 10,000,000 tons, iron and steel plants use 10,000,000 tons and houses, hotels, and stockyards burn the remainder. A considerable portion is shipped outside of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

The state has fifty-two counties with coal mines, which employ 10,000 men, 5,000 of them in coal mining and 5,000 in smelting. An open top coal car hauls fifty tons of coal, and 1,200,000 cars are used in moving the annual outputs of the state.

The mines of Illinois are valued at about \$1,000,000,000. At an average of \$2 a ton the output this year will sell for about \$140,000,000. Of this sum \$80,000,000 will be for wages to miners; \$20,000,000 will be spent on the upkeep and maintenance of the mines, and another \$20,000,000 for liability insurance, taxes, royalties, and depreciation expenses.

Many Men Employed.

<p

GO EASY ON POOR KAISER, VERDICT OF SCHOOL BOARD

He's to Be Removed from Speller, but O, So Gently.

KIDS vs. KAISER

The school board has decided to do the tribute to the Kaiser in the official speller now on hand, but has refused officially to request the school children who own the old speller to tear it out.

"The Tribune" has been successful in making collections—of money for the speller. It occurs in "The Tribune" that it would be interesting to make a collection of these Kaiser pages. It would show how the children feel about it.

Therefore it asks those school children who prefer their spellers without the Kaiser to tear out the page and forward it to "The Tribune." In that way a referendum can be had up on whether the children themselves want to do about it.

If you feel that way about it, begin tearing it out today!

The board of education took action yesterday which Supt. Shoop said would eliminate the eulogy of the Kaiser from the speller used in the public schools, "in due time." But there is to be no straining, no tearing out, no determined effort of any kind. Mr. Shoop, as master of ceremonies, is to bow the Kaiser out politely, inch by inch. Then the door which will shut the German ruler out of the textbook is to be closed gently behind him.

The board's action on the speller is summed up in the following recommendations from Supt. Shoop, which were adopted:

"The superintendent of schools submits to the board of education proof for the revision of the spelling book that is used in the schools. In the new book the subject matter of the eighth grade has been materially changed.

Shoop Doesn't Mention Kaiser.

"The superintendent recommends that authority be granted for the elimination from all text books that are the property of the board of education that portion which embodies the course in spelling for the eighth grade; and further, "Recommend that authority be granted for the issuing of the speller in separate sections, if it is possible under the contract, not exceeding three."

The reference to the Kaiser is in the eighth grade portion of the speller. In his explanation of the recommendations Mr. Shoop did not mention the Kaiser, but said that pupils of lower grades had to carry the eighth grade portion of the book for four years. He thought the book should be made lighter.

Anthony Czarczki brought out the fact that the board has in hand 70,000 sets of the old speller. He demanded that the page be cut out of these and that the superintendent be directed to issue an appeal to the parents of children to eliminate the page from the books in their possession.

Be Calm, She Cautions.

Mrs. E. G. Snodgrass made a reply on behalf of the Thompson members of the board:

"If we were to take action that would cause us to cut out this page, we would have a lot of anarchists in the making," she said. "I do not approve of this method. I do not understand that we have declared war against German citizens in this country. Let us keep our equilibrium. Let us not cause agitation in this country."

"What I ask," replied Czarczki, "is the elimination of the page that the world has ever seen, the man who has caused more murders than any one else since the beginning of history."

Mrs. Snodgrass was hissed by some of the spectators and Czarczki was applauded. Mrs. Snodgrass then moved that the matter be referred to the superintendent for consideration.

Do you need any time for consideration?" he asked. "Let us decide this thing now."

"When I was a child, I was taught never to tear or mutilate a book," said Mrs. Francis E. Thornton.

"Then will some one please tell me how the superintendent is going to get this page out of the book?" asked Czarczki. "How are you going to eliminate this page unless you tear or cut it out?"

Seeks Truth About Kaiser.

"What I want is to have the truth about the Kaiser torn out of the book," he said. "The kind of paper that is printed in this speller is no kid glove affair. This country is at war."

Czarczki's motion to ask parents to cause the page to be torn out was laid on the table by a vote of seven to three, the objectors being Messrs. Czarczki, Loeb and Gannon. Charles S. Peterson was not present. The vote on removing the page from spellers in possession of the board was unanimous.

Attempts to squelch Czarczki during the debate were fruitless. He kept on shouting while the gavel beat a steady tattoo and Mrs. Snodgrass' shrill voice kept crying "Mr. President! Mr. President!" Czarczki drowned out both Mrs. Snodgrass' soprano and the noise of the gavel when he roared, "This is no time to do anything un-American."

The "Kaiser" Paragraph.

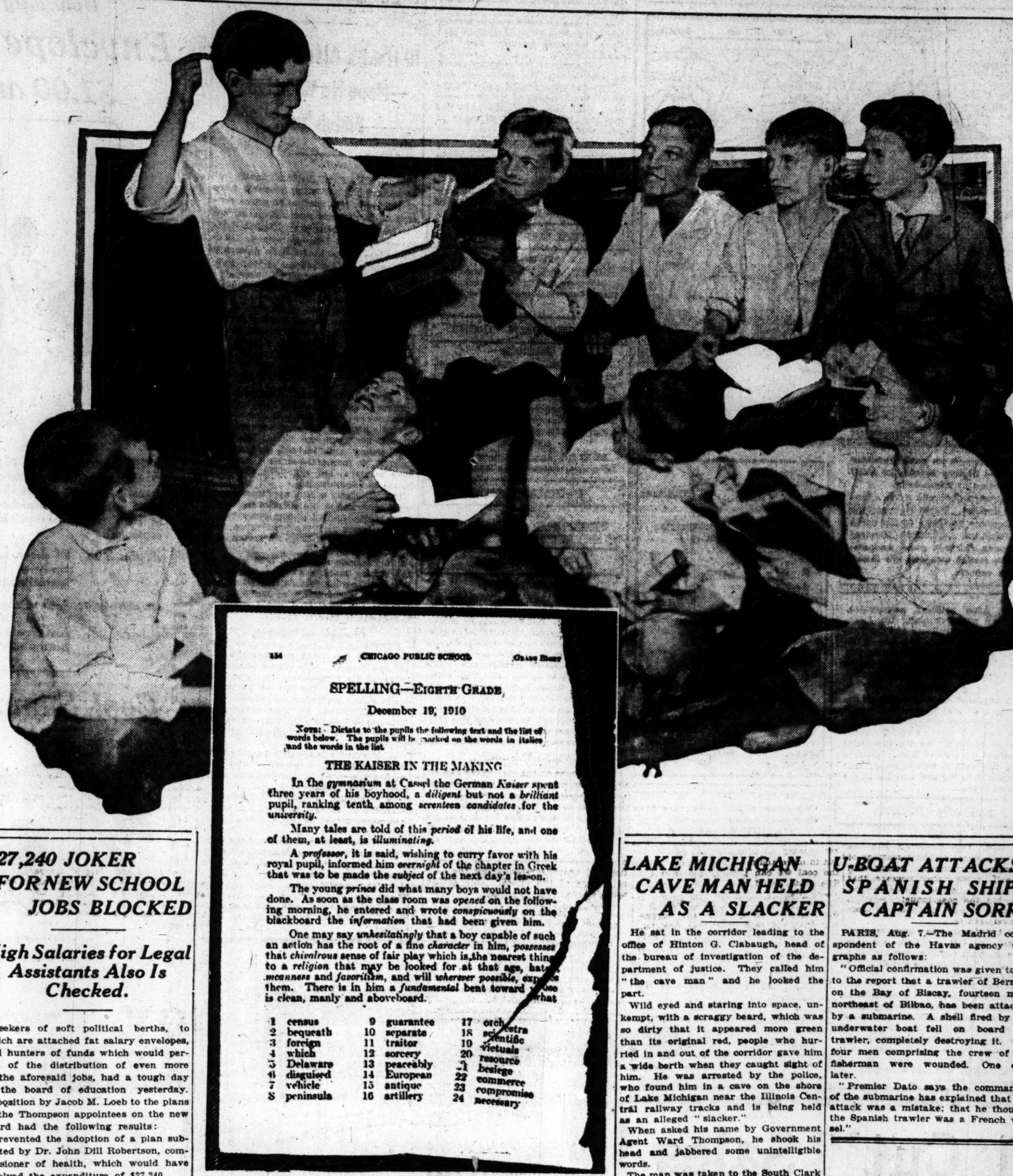
The passage in the speller which caused the protest reads as follows:

"One may say unfeetingly that a boy capable of such an action has the most virile spirit in him, possesses that chivalrous sense of fair play which is the nearest thing to a religion that may be looked for at that age, has a sense of justice, and will wherever possible, expose them. There is in him a fundamental bent toward what is clean, manly and aboveboard."

The opening of the session was delayed forty-five minutes by the fact that the Thompson members of the board were in secret conference and when they arrived there were present from Loeb, Gannon and Czarczki. President Davis admitted that the practice of holdingcombe at a time when the board was waiting to do business ought to be changed.

HERE'S WHERE WILHELM GETS STRAFED

These school children, when they heard that the school board had refused to order the eulogy of the German emperor to be torn from the speller already in possession of pupils, at once started an obliteration bee of their own. With "Raus mit der kaiser!" as a slogan, they will form clubs to continue the process. Below is shown one of the offending pages.



\$27,240 JOKER FOR NEW SCHOOL JOBS BLOCKED

High Salaries for Legal Assistants Also Is Checked.

Seekers of soft political berths, to which are attached fat salary envelopes, and hunters of funds which would permit of the distribution of even more of the aforesaid jobs, had a tough day in the board of education yesterday. Opposition by Jacob M. Loeb to the plans of the Thompson appointees on the new board had the following results:

Prevented the adoption of a plan submitted by Dr. John Dill Robertson, commissioner of health, which would have involved the expenditure of \$27,240.

Prevented the board from confirming the action of the business manager in re-employing the old statistical board.

Caused Attorney Charles R. Francis to withdraw his plan to employ a force of assistants at salaries aggregating \$22,000.

Almost Slip Plan Through.

The plan to spend \$27,240 in a medical campaign came near slipping through unobserved. Dr. John Dill Robertson sent a letter which was read to the board. It was a long letter. The menace to public health on account of war conditions was pointed out, and so were the necessities for special precaution in guarding the health of the children.

After something like a thousand words had been read, and nothing but generalities had come to notice, Dr. Sadie Bay Adair interrupted the reading by referring to the board's gift in the name of Dr. Robertson to the Czar.

"Wait just a moment. Does the letter say anything about spending money?"

He was told it might involve some expenditure. Mr. Loeb then asked that the rest of the letter be read. At the end was an outline of a plan for appointing a big medical force. Action was deferred until the next meeting.

Higher Salaries Withdrawn.

The plan to employ an assistant attorney at \$6,000 a year, two assistants at \$6,000 each, and two more at \$4,000 each, together with an extra employee at \$4,000 a year, was withdrawn and the board was asked to confirm the appointment of John A. Cooke at \$5,000.

Mr. Loeb called attention to the change of plan.

"Isn't it a fact that you could get plenty of splendid lawyers at \$5,000?" continued Mr. Loeb. "Doesn't the fact that this money is coming from the public critic have something to do with your decision? Aren't we creating a job for some one?"

Action on the appointment went over to the next meeting.

When the board was asked to confirm the action of the business manager in re-employing the statistical board under Morton MacCormac, Mr. Loeb said:

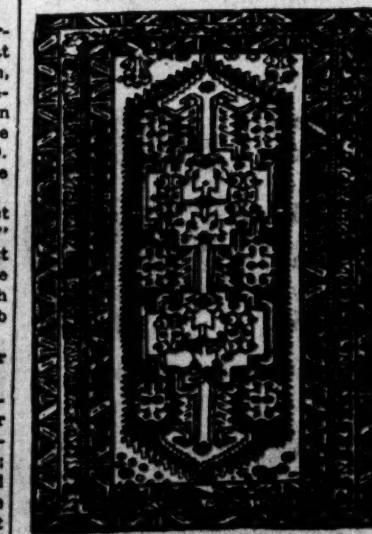
"The business manager employed these men without authority. You are making numerous alterations without authority, you are spending money without our authority. You cannot bring in your personal friends and give them jobs. You can't get too much raw; the people won't stand for much raw."

Mrs. Snodgrass objected to the in-simulation that there were seven who had the bidding of Mayor Thompson. Action was deferred until the next meeting. In the meantime the statistical board will work without salaries.

Men of Second Infantry Save Girl from Drowning

An unidentified girl who tried to drown herself in the Garfield park lagoon last night was rescued by the combined efforts of two policemen and Private William Perry of Company B, Second Illinois Infantry. Other Second infantrymen who assisted in rescuing the girl are Privates Earl Mitchell of Company K and George Dokum, Harold Sandberg, and Waldron Graham of Company L. The girl was taken to the county hospital.

REVELL & CO. Clearance Sale Oriental Rugs Persian "Mossouls"



"Your Choice" Lots 37.50 45.00 55.00

A few collection of soft, silky pieces which for beauty of coloring and durability cannot be excelled; sizes range from 6 to 7 feet long by 4 to 8 feet wide.

Alexander H. Revell & Co.

Walsh Ave. and Adams St.

IT is the policy of the Capper & Capper store never to carry goods over from season to season. We offer for a few days longer our own regular lines of

Capper & Capper CLOTHES

at the following reductions:

All Business Sack Suits, formerly \$27.50 and \$25, now	\$17.50
All Business Sack Suits, formerly \$32 and \$30, now	\$21.50
All Business Sack Suits, formerly \$37.50 and \$35, now	\$25.50
All Business Sack Suits, formerly \$45 and \$40, now	\$28.50
	Finer grades in proportion.

Sharp Reductions in Straw Hats

Capper & Capper

MICHIGAN AVE. at MONROE ST.

LONDON - CHICAGO - MINNEAPOLIS - MILWAUKEE - DETROIT

BRITISH LORDS URGE CARE IN GIVING TITLES

Awards for Boosting Party Funds Raise Warm Debate.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A lively discussion arose in the house of lords tonight on alleged scandals connected with the distribution of honors. The earl of Selborne, calling attention to the bestowal of honors in return for contributions to party funds, moved that hereafter the reasons for rewards should be published, and the premier in recommending recipients should satisfy the sovereign that no payment or expectation of payment was associated with the recommendation. The house did not come to a vote on the subject.

Curzon in Opposition.

Earl Curzon, government leader in the house of lords, deprecated the course proposed on behalf of the government as calculated to deter wealthy men from charitable contributions, fearing that they would come under unworthy suspicion. Supporters of the motion, including Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, the first lord of the admiralty, as controller of naval construction.

Sir William Graham Greene has been removed as permanent secretary at the admiralty to a secretaryship in the ministry of munitions under Winston Churchill.

Geddes Using Scythes.

The changes are attracting much attention and are interpreted as the first step in a reorganization which it is supposed Sir Eric Campbell Geddes, first lord of the admiralty, was appointed to carry out.

In quarters where the existing administrative methods are regarded as unsatisfactory, the present step is denounced as a "procrustean half measure" and it is declared the change ought to have been so complete as to "give the country a resolute and energetic admiralty permeated by an offensive spirit."

There is no implication of incapacity against Admiral Sir Cecil Burney. Official announcement states that he will be employed on special duty.

Bearranging Official Duties.

An official statement contains the announcement that an opportunity is to be taken of the appointment of Vice Admiral Sir Roslyn Wemyss to re-arrange the duties of the second sea lord of the admiralty, and that he will be relieved of detailed administrative work connected with the personnel of the fleet.

This is interpreted as meaning that the second sea lord will not be trammeled by details which subordinates can handle, but will be associated more closely than was his predecessor with the preparation of war plans.

Admiral Anderson, who succeeds Geddes, will be responsible for the admiralty's shipbuilding requirements. He has close knowledge of both shipping and railways, having been long associated with a company of shipping brokers. He is a director of the Midland railway.

He is a son of Dr. Elizabeth Garrett Anderson, a well known physician and the first woman to be elected as mayor of England, being the chief magistrate of Aldeburgh.

ALIMONY DODGER JOINS ARMY AND DEFIES ARREST

Sheriff Traeger has a perfectly good warrant for the arrest of Charles Federmeyer, the only difficulty being that he can't arrest him. Federmeyer, in contempt of court for failure to pay alimony, has joined the army and is now serving in the central department under Col. Nathan McChemey. The colonel appeared yesterday before Judge Torrison and refused to surrender Private Federmeyer on the ground that federal authority is superior to civil.

August 'Final Cut'

Sale of 5500 Shirts

CREPE de chine shirts, and broken lines of our finer silk shirts, fifty-five dozen in all, desirable patterns and neat stripes, now decisively \$5.50 reduced to

OVER two hundred dozen shirts, woven and printed madras, corded and mercerized materials, high class "custom-made" workmanship, our better shirts, reduced \$1.65 to

A BOUT one hundred dozen shirts, remaining from our earlier sales, now again reduced. A vast assortment of materials, patterns and colors, extra ordinary values at the reduced price of \$1.15



Special Neckwear Sale: Silk and wash scarfs, latest summer novelties in color and designs, 35¢

Main Floor.

THE HUB

Henry C. Lytton & Sons

N. E. Corner State and Jackson

RUSSIAN ARMY NOT WHIPPED; NEEDS DRIVERS

Iron Nerve of One Captain
Stops Panicky Men in
Wild Flight.

BY ARNO DOSCH-FIEUROT.
(Copyright: 1917: By Press Publishing Company (New York World).)

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—The vital force of the Russian army, even in full retreat, is shown in an assessment of the Guards who made a career of an allied country who asks that he remain incognito. His judgment is that there is still hope of further activities by the army.

"I went to the front line," he said, "which was assigned to the Seventh army, accompanying a Russian captain who had been sent to investigate the region where the trenches had been destroyed while a soldier council debated whether the order called for enough men to fill them. I learned that Austrians had come into the trenches searching for the Russians, which shows the state of disorganization there was before the panic among the soldiers.

Soldiers Rush to the Rear.

"Suddenly we heard rumors that German cavalry had broken through and was surrounding us. Immediately a panic began in the soldier's council. It was impossible to prevent a rush to the rear. The men, knowing that the death penalty had been abolished, had no fear of punishment for desertion.

Almost alone we realized it the Russian captain and I were left alone in the trench. The Austrians not knowing of the advantages they then had, seeking our automobile, we found that the 'tavarish' had seized it and had gone."

The allied officer repeatedly referred to the soldiers as 'tavarish' which is slang for 'comrade,' which the soldier Socialists used in addressing one another.

Iron Will Stops Retreat.

"We reached the main road, where we could see that a full retreat was on," he continued. "The tavarish, leaving their materials and supplies, were crowding into the motor trucks and heading for the rear. The Russian captain with me, who was one of the bravest men I ever met, seized an automobile and raced ahead to cut off the masses, mad with fear. It was awful to see an army throwing away its arms, coats, and boots.

"The roads were jammed, so we circled the plains and got ahead of the rush. We jumped in front of the first motor truck, which was loaded with fully a hundred tavarish. The captain commanded them to halt and when the tavarish tried to make the driver continue despite the order, the captain leaped into the motor, jerked the driver from his seat, and flung him into a ditch from his seat, and flung him into a ditch.

New Hope Inspired.

"Immediately the tavarish cumbled off in masses. Others arriving were forced to descend, and with ringing orders the captain formed them into lines at the point of his revolver. Now the masses, rushing forward on foot, were halted by the newly re-formed army, the tavarish yielding to the superior will of the captain, and they began intrenching on both sides of the road.

"Leaving the captain in command there continued with a detachment of the

OFFICIAL WAR REPORTS ON ALL BATTLE FRONTS

RUSSO-ROUMANIAN FRONT

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Army group of Prince Leopold: The position is unchanged.

Front of Archduke Joseph: In the Sereth and Suchava valleys we gained ground as the result of fighting, and we continued to attack the Russians in spite of stubborn enemy resistance.

Renewed Roumanian attacks on Cazinul and near the Lepen monasteries in the Putna valley broke down with severe losses.

Army group of Field Marshal von Mackensen: In a local attack Prussian and Bavarian regiments stormed Jilava, southeast of Bucharest. Thirteen hundred prisoners, thirteen guns and numerous trench weapons were brought in.

RUSSIAN.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—To the southwest of Brody, in the region of the villages of Duba and Zarikov, the enemy is conducting an intense artillery fire. To the south of Grimalov our advance detachments drove back one of the enemy's advanced posts.

In the valley of the river Sereth, and chiefly of the river Suchava, the enemy is continuing to press back our troops. The villages of Vaskovcy, Satulmary, Radutz, Buria and Gilt were occupied by the enemy.

In the direction of Kimpolung the enemy, after a battle, has occupied the heights to the north of the railway station of Molti. To the south the corps of 280th Infantry regiments, under the command of Capt. Luchkin, beat off several attacks of the enemy and forced them to retire in disorder. Two of our machine gunners, Protzenko and Walkrus, took prisoner a German scouting party consisting of three noncommissioned officers and twelve privates.

In the region to the west of Bratsik, enemy attacks were repulsed. On the river Bystritsa, in the region of Tschagchi and Kochnaborech, two regiments of one of our divisions voluntarily left the positions occupied by them and went to the rear, which caused our troops to retire from this region a few versts to the east.

In the direction of Fokshan.

AVIATION.

Death's Head battalions, which had been sent with machine guns in motor trucks to help in the retreat. These were all that was left and that inspired new hope. We turned toward Fokshan, where the panic was worst, and now encountered thousands of tavarish trucks going to the rear.

Death for Agitator.

The lieutenant commanding the handful of Death's Head ordered the soldiers to halt and disperse. Then he formed them into lines and said he would shoot each fifteenth man until he found who was the agitator that started the retreat. Before he had counted ten the fifteenth man called out the agitator's name.

The lieutenant, insisting upon receiving the formal confirmation of his act from the men themselves, ordered the agitator taken to the crossroad near by and shot. He laid the body beside the road with a paper pinned on the breast reading: "Shot as a traitor to Russia." Then the lieutenant ordered the tavarish to turn back toward the battle front and they obeyed.

There were similar scenes everywhere, the Death's Heads with Cossacks forming a thin, determined line behind the panicky tavarish."

NEW TEUTON BLOW



I-Teuton forces push Russians back and occupy heights at Molti in direction of Kimpolung.

2-Austro-Germans open offensive against Russo-Romanians and capture positions to the north of Fokshan. Thirteen hundred prisoners, thirteen guns, and numerous trench weapons are taken, Berlin reports.

AVIATION.

Death's Head battalions, which had been sent with machine guns in motor trucks to help in the retreat. These were all that was left and that inspired new hope. We turned toward Fokshan, where the panic was worst, and now encountered thousands of tavarish trucks going to the rear.

Death for Agitator.

The lieutenant commanding the handful of Death's Head ordered the soldiers to halt and disperse. Then he formed them into lines and said he would shoot each fifteenth man until he found who was the agitator that started the retreat. Before he had counted ten the fifteenth man called out the agitator's name.

The lieutenant, insisting upon receiving the formal confirmation of his act from the men themselves, ordered the agitator taken to the crossroad near by and shot. He laid the body beside the road with a paper pinned on the breast reading: "Shot as a traitor to Russia." Then the lieutenant ordered the tavarish to turn back toward the battle front and they obeyed.

There were similar scenes everywhere, the Death's Heads with Cossacks forming a thin, determined line behind the panicky tavarish."

FRENCH FRONT.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—There has been fairly violent artillery fighting in Belgium, particularly in the Hainaut sector, and north of the river Aisne, along the Hurbise-Hainaut river Aisne, along the Hurbise-Craonne front. The infantry was not engaged.

In the Charnier region we penetrated the German lines at three places. This made it possible for us to inflict losses on the enemy and to bring back prisoners.

On the left bank of the River Meuse, after a spirited bombardment, German troops this morning undertook an attack between Avesnes and Hesdin. Met by violent fire from our forces, delivered with precision, our assaultants were compelled to return at once to the trenches they had left, after suffering perceptible losses.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—In Flanders

In upper Alsace there have been encounters between patrols.

NIGHT STATEMENT.

In France the commandos of the Mousseron (Mousseron) the enemy directed an attack against our positions in the Caurelles wood. An enemy detachment which had succeeded in gaining a foothold in an element of our first line was thrown back immediately by a counter attack. Intermittent commanding has occurred on the west of the front. It was especially spirited to the west of Cerny and in the direction of Hurbise.

BELGIAN.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Some artillery activity and grenade fighting took place in the direction of Dixmude.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Army group of Crown Prince Rupprecht—In Flanders

the fighting activity of our own and the enemy's artillery was only temporarily lively in some sectors. In the crater field several engagements took place between reconnoitering patrols.

In the Artoise there was an intense fire which was directed against positions between Hulluch and the Scarpe.

Army group of the German crown prince—Thrust by Oldenburg and Württemberg storming troops in the Bessarabian ridge north of the Loan-Solone, south and near Berry-su-Bac and the Alme brought us gains in prisoners and booty.

BRITISH.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—There is nothing of special interest to report.

NIGHT STATEMENT.

Beyond the usual artillery activity on both sides there is nothing of special interest to report.

ITALIAN FRONT.

ITALIAN.

ROME, Aug. 7.—No important events were reported yesterday. Artillery duels took place on the Julian front.

MACEDONIAN FRONT.

FRENCH.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Moderate artillery activity continued on the whole of the front. Our artillery carried out a destructive fire on the enemy batteries in the Cerna bend. British aviators bombed the barracks at Limanova.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—There were no fighting operations on a large scale.

CAUCASUS FRONT.

RUSSIAN.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—No change has been reported.

EAST AFRICA.

BRITISH.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The beginning of a forward movement in the Lida region, Indian soldiers in southeastern Germany. East African troops on Aug. 2 when the Germans were driven from their advanced positions on the Mithuba stream, ten miles southwest of Lida. On Aug. 3 the enemy's main positions were attacked by African troops, who made some progress, but the turning movement intended to envelop the Germans' right flank encountered strongly posted defenses, concealed in bush.

Severe fighting ensued, the enemy vigorously counter attacking and the British, Indian, and African forces fighting with great gallantry.

The action was indecisive, the losses on both sides being considerable. The British forces are entrenched on the ground gained and the advance will be resumed soon.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

GERMAN.

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—There is nothing of special importance to report from either the western or eastern fronts.

He was appointed minister of marine.

M. Yefremoff, minister of justice, is transferred to the ministry of public aid, replacing M. Astroff, mayor of Moscow.

Prof. Kokoshkin, a leader of the Constitutional Democrats, is appointed state controller, a position which had been given to F. A. Golovine.

M. Yefremoff is named minister of public aid.

He was appointed minister of justice.

M. Yaroudny takes the office of minister of justice, vacated by M. Yefremoff.

Very attractive Star shirts

GERMANY URGED NOT TO OFFER PEACE TO FOES

78 Bonn Professors Put
Proposal Up to the
Government.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—Seventy-eight professors of Bonn university have signed a petition urging the German government never to make another peace offer. "since Germany's recent offer has been answered by the British challenge to retire behind the Rhine." The signers consider another peace proposal would be mischievous.

Press Only Lukewarm.
BERLIN, via London, Aug. 7.—Germany's press is decidedly lukewarm today in its welcome to the new occupants of the ministerial bench, and characterizes the fourteen newcomers to executive and minor posts as a cabinet constituted of officials whose appointment does not reflect credit on the system.

"It cannot be denied that the events occurring in our internal politics lack historic dimensions, as compared with our present military achievements," says the Tazebatt. "The great German nation, which is the only 'kultur' people in the world, exercises neither direct nor indirect influence in the selection of its servants."

"The present reorganization of the governmental personnel, which is of little moment as regards the internal development of the empire, shows Chancellor Michaels for the present facing the question of democratization or parliamentarization with the same bewilderment as if he stood in the presence of some exotic sea monster. With us the making of history appears to be the sole privilege of the army."

No Change Desirable.

The Lokal Anzeiger says: "If parliamentarization has assumed but modest proportions on this occasion, we can only conclude that the circumstance, much as we do not deem it prudent to reconstruct one's dwelling at a time when a world of enemies is trying to break in."

The National Liberal Boersen Zeitung in its comment says:

"Is the result which we are now permitted to contemplate that which we and, with us, many others have looked forward to? The question may properly be answered in the negative. We have again a simon-pure ministry of officials. The widely heralded change in personnel is not wholly satisfying."

The Zeitung Am Mittag gives the following view of the changes:

"One will look vainly for a new method in this system of ministerial appointments. The new government does not even start with a definite program. The only positive guarantee the newcomers offer is a pledge to carry out the terms of the imperial message for electoral reforms. This, however, is an obligation, not a confession of faith."

Helfferich Is Assailed.

The Vossische Zeitung discusses the retention of Dr. Helfferich at length, branding him as a bad legacy from the Bethmann-Hollweg administration, as an inspiration for a pro-English current in German politics, and further charges him with holding a campaign and then discrediting the U-boat campaign.

"We cannot overlook the fact," says the newspaper, "that in Dr. Helfferich not only has a member of the old system been incorporated in the new government which was to foreshadow a change in method, but above all one of the strongest supports of the old system and that in a leading official of the party. Dr. Helfferich's ambition is to exercise influence upon foreign politics, and in this he has occasionally changed the outward method of his foreign policy."

"He at no time has substituted for it a conscious determination to achieve a firm continental understanding, as opposed to the aggressive world-power policy of England and the United States."

**YOUNG TREE IS
ENLISTED FOR
AERIAL RESERVE**

A few months of inactivity forced Arthur Donald Lambert Field Tree back into the war, only this time he is in the Naval Reserve Flying corps. Young Tree, who is 23 years old, a grandson of the late Marshall Field and a stepson of Admiral Beatty of the British navy, had been ambulancier on the French front for seven months, and before that was an attaché of the American ambassador in Paris.

Tree, who lives at present at 138 North La Salle street, soon will be sent away for training. He enlisted at the naval recruiting station yesterday and passed the physical examination.

**Fast Progress Is Made
at Rockford Cantonment**

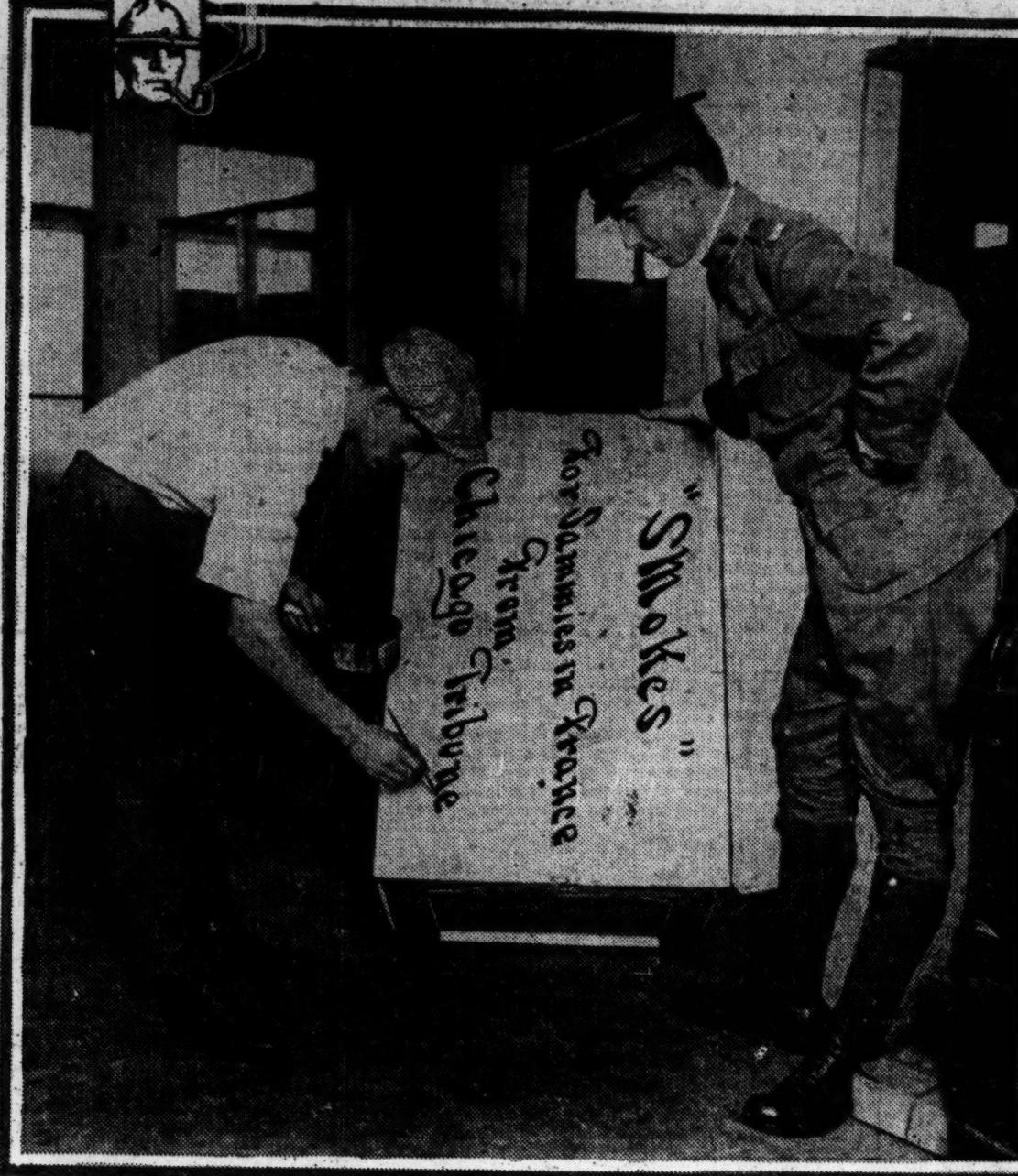
Rockford, Ill., Aug. 7.—Major Peter Junker, division quartermaster of the United States army attached to the staff of Col. Little in Washington, today inspected the progress being made in the construction of the cantonment there and said it was further advanced than any other camp.

**All persons naturally
crave sweets. It is nature's call for quick
burning fuel that keeps the body up to par.**

**Martha Washington
Candies**
60¢ the Full Pound
Main Store and Kitchens:
3823-29 Broadway
H. W. Wash.
D. S. Wash.
B. E. Adams
M. W. Jackson
M. Wilson
Avenue

BATTLE SMOKES

Officers in U. S. Quartermaster's Office Preparing Box of Tobacco for Shipment to Sammies.



VETERANS SEND TOBACCO MONEY FOR MEN OF '17

**Perhaps They Recall
Solace They Drew
from Puffs.**

Remembrances of the privations they suffered during the civil war prompted two old soldiers to send in contributions yesterday to THE TRIBUNE'S tobacco fund.

One of the letters read as follows:

"I have known what it is to want for tobacco in the civil war, and I hope this little contribution will help to cheer the hours of some Sammy who had the manhood and patriotism to fight for his flail and country."

Day's Contributions.
Other contributions of the day to the tobacco fund follow:

F. G. Carls, \$3	2.50	John J. Lynch	5.00
M. C. M.....	5.00	Civil War Sol.	
Smoker.....	1.00	1.00
C. Rohr.....	1.00	Mrs. E. M.	
Miss Gertrude	1.00	Sechler.....	1.00
Adams.....	1.00	J. W. Gordon	1.00
T. R. Buck	5.00	Peoria, Ill.	1.00
ham.....	5.00	P. P. Sedgwick	1.00
Jas. F. Patten	5.00	Peoria, Ill.	1.00
J. P. Frazier	25.00	O. R. Wysong	1.00
C. B. Pierce	25.00	Peoria, Ill.	1.00
F. S. Cowell	25.00	A. J. Fisher	1.00
W. E. Hudson	25.00	Peoria, Ill.	1.00
H. J. Patten	25.00	H. E. Pierman	1.00
J. S. Hart	25.00	Peoria, Ill.	1.00
B. Farol.....	10.00	
Otto Seum.....	5.00	Total.....	\$243.50

25,000 Cigarettes.

Two thousand cigarettes were sent in and W. E. Newsome notified THE TRIBUNE that 25,000 cigarettes would be forwarded direct from the manufacturer to THE TRIBUNE office.

Those who paid for the cigarettes submitted as follows:

C. W. Gilham, \$15.00	W. J. Connelly, 5.70
N. E. Newsome, 5.00	M. Wilson, 5.70
W. M. Wilson, 5.70	R. M. Waite, 2.00
W. A. Bodine, 2.00	I. K. Spears, 2.00
B. C. Sipe, 2.00	M. Lombardo, 2.00
E. E. Smith, 2.00	J. W. Howe, 2.00
H. E. Schenck, 2.00	R. G. Smith, 2.00
S. Edwards, 5.70	
J. W. Marshall, 5.70	Total..... \$88.30
I. G. Ward, 5.70	

Loves Her Country.

One contribution brought with this message:

"Now let this little added gift sail to France as a token of love from a working girl who loves her country better than anything on earth. Let the girls back home sit behind our fighting men so that they may know our spirit is truly American."

The Right Hon. David Lloyd George, Prime Minister;
Sir Albert Stanley; the Right Hon. John Hodge; Lord Milner; the Right Hon. the Earl of Halsbury, His Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for War.

England turned to The Dictaphone in her labor crisis and proved its worth. The Dictaphone made good—so good that in the first three months of 1917 England bought more Dictaphones than in the entire year of 1916.

ROOT AND PARTY HERE; SAY RUSS WILL FIGHT ON

U. S. Commission Over- turns General Idea of the Situation.

Enthusiastic about Russia's future and confident of the power of the Kerensky government to tide over the transition, the American commission to Russia stopped in Chicago yesterday on its way to Washington to deliver confidential messages to the state department.

Ellis Root, chairman of the commission, expressed the opinion that America is misjudging new Russia. The gist of his interview was that "Russia is all right" and that America need have no fear.

"You ask, What is the matter with Russia?" remarked another member of the commission. "Why, we didn't know anything was the matter till we got over there."

Very Little Disorder.
"All the way from the Pacific coast," said Mr. Root, "there has been and will be so much disorder in Russia. But there is very little disorder. The newspaper reporters in Russia have picked out the spectacular incidents and cabled them over here, with the result that a wrong impression has been created."

"In the same way the riots in Russia are not the real story. There are thousands of people in Russia who are going about their business in a quiet, orderly way. With practically no police, the cities like Petrograd and Moscow are as free from disorder as any American city."

Believes Crisis Past.

Mr. Root spoke in similar terms of confidence regarding the army. He said he thought the crisis is over and that the Kerensky government will be able to stabilize Russia's fighting force.

"Of course, the Russian soldiers are tired of fighting," he continued, "but they are no more tired of fighting than the British and French soldiers. It is only natural that for a certain time the morale of the army should be weakened. The Russian soldier is accustomed to take orders. When the old authority was withdrawn, the army discipline was undermined. But that is only temporary."

Mr. Root was asked about the soldiers deserting to go home and "share in the plunder."

"There have been many desertions," he replied, "but when the soldiers got home they found public opinion was against them and especially against plunder."

Friendly to U. S.
Mr. Root conveyed the impression that Russia is very friendly disposed toward the United States.

"The only anti-American feeling," he said, "is among Russian-Americans who have withdrawn to Petrograd by the thousands and show a decided attitude to our country by traducing her."

Throughout the interview, Mr. Root, whose knowledge of statecraft has won him a world-wide reputation, spoke with

"NO!"

Chicago Without a Kingdon
Gould, Who Asked Exemption
Because of Dependents.

So far as is known, Chicago has no Kingdon Goulds. Young Gould, son of George J. Gould, is reported to have asked the board at Tom's River, N. J., to be relieved on the ground of having dependents.

C. S. Holt, member of exemption board in district 47, Heinlein Memorial hospital, in which the majority of Chicago's "Gold Coasters" reside, said yesterday that as far as he knows there has been no claim for exemption on the score of dependents.

Two Lake Shore drive residents

have been rejected because of physical disqualifications and one has asked for industrial exemption.

Otherwise, the sons of the rich have answered with a ringing "No!" when asked if they would ask exemption.

One of the men selected for weight

and was bitterly disappointed.

The predominance of aliens who refuse to waive exemption or to take out their first papers is a great provocation to many board members.

The tone of deep conviction. There was no suggestion of fear or misgiving in regard to front-line work.

Mr. Root declined to discuss the accomplishments of the commission, saying he could report on such matters only to the state department.

Dr. Hurd in Party.

Among those accompanying the commission was Dr. Eugene T. Hurd, a Seattle surgeon, who won the rank of colonel in the Russian medical service.

During 1915 and 1916 Dr. Hurd sent several dispatches to THE TRIBUNE from the Russian front.

"The chief danger for Russia," Dr. Hurd said, "is German intrigue. The Germans have already spent \$50,000,000 in promoting their evil designs. But they won't be successful. The Russians are naturally honest and law abiding. They will uphold the government.

"The Russian army is accomplished because the people decided they wanted a new government. So they got it. They decided to fight and for months they quit. Then they decided they wanted to fight and they broke the German line. When they make up their minds to a thing they do it—and they have made up their minds to go on fighting."

Mandel Brothers

Third floor

Featuring light weight
Russian back
wool sweaters



at \$10

Box weave sweaters, with
large collar, sash front and
two patch pockets—and in
a variety of colorings. All
sizes.

Third floor

For beach or lounging:

**Light weight
corduroy
robes, 2.95**

Robes of soft quality cor-
duroy; straight-line model



in generous width, and fast-
ened with self-tie—as pic-
tured; large collar and
sleeves. Choose wistaria,
copenhagen, rose or Amer-
ican beauty. 2.95 extremely
low for such robes. Third floor.

at \$10

The Chicago Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

FOUNDED JUNE 16, 1847.

ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER JUNE 8, 1898, AT THE POSTOFFICE AT CHICAGO, ILL., UNDER ACT OF MARCH 3, 1879.

All unregistered articles, manuscript letters, and pictures sent to "The Tribune" are sent at the owner's risk, and the Tribune company expressly disclaims any liability or responsibility for their safe custody or return.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1917.

"Our Country! In her intercourse with foreign nations may she always be in the right; but our country, right or wrong."
—Stephen Decatur.

A GERMAN PEACE.

When an amiable, nonmilitaristic republic is making a great—even heroic and savage—effort to break down the comfortable restraints of domesticity and normal habit and, in breaking them down, develop a martial morale and a Spartan code, the continuing suggestion that peace can be had without fighting is a detriment.

It is difficult to discuss the subject because peace is the desideratum. If it is offered it seems inhuman not to welcome it. But the intent with which it is offered must be examined and the results to which it would lead considered.

The United States could have had peace at this time by merely adjusting itself to the undignified and compromised condition necessary to a non-combatant. That would have saved the present at the expense of the future. It would have mortgaged the future for the comfort of the present. This generation of Americans would have lived upon the heritage of the next generation and would have wasted it. We should have left the next generation to curse the timidity and selfishness of this.

That is the unforgivable national sin. The duty of one generation to the next is a sacrament in national life. Nations cannot exist upon other principles. The cardinal virtue is sacrifice. The present lives and works for the future. Therefore the United States, finally seeing clearly how the future of the United States was compromised by the efforts which this generation was making to protect itself, abandoned these efforts and decided to make the sacrifices necessary for the well-being of the people who are to come.

This decision was reached because there seemed to be no escape from the certainty of disaster. Even in America we are beginning to realize that war is a gigantic synthesis, in which the sine qua non, the overruling necessity, is unified, concentrated will. War must be autocratic. That is why democracies will always fear and distrust war. It compels a temporary surrender of their essential character, and this surrender is all the more imperative when democracies confront an autocracy organized for war.

The concentration of plenary powers in the executive is therefore a process we must not only adopt but wholeheartedly further. Our objections to the course of events in Washington should not be to this concentration in the executive but to ineffective organization of the executive. It is obvious that, if all depends upon a powerful executive, it is of vital importance that the executive should be so efficient as to express the maximum of power granted.

It is to be hoped the president will realize that this is a fair requirement and not to be ascribed in itself to party politics. It is fair, considering the fact that no man can wield these enormous and varied powers and must delegate them, to require of him the highest choice of personnel and the strictest coordination in organization. It may be that there will be no strengthening of the cabinet until some unhappy events or the long drawn-out unsatisfactory effort brings something in the nature of a political crisis. There ought to be hope, however, of an early overhauling of the advisory council of national defense and the evolution of a war council of the highest character, composed of men chosen with absolute disregard of party or personal considerations. The president's recent important appointments indicate his continued preoccupation with the partisan political factor of normal presidential selection. It is time for him to rise above this plane and call to his counsels men of the largest caliber regardless of party. Is Mr. Root to be allowed to retire? What use is to be made of Mr. Roosevelt's great power?

POWER IN THE EXECUTIVE.

Congressman McCormick has summarized the new powers granted or proposed to be granted the president in view of the war crisis. It is a formidable total, yet we have no doubt it will be increased as time goes on.

Furthermore, it represents an inevitable process. We cannot escape it. We can safeguard and better it.

The attacks upon the process are frequently rhetorical and sentimental. They employ excited rhetoric against the usurpation of the executive. They propose impractical alternatives in the form of divided responsibilities, our favorite device of checks and balances.

This line of attack will fail and ought to fail. Even in America we are beginning to realize that war is a gigantic synthesis, in which the sine qua non, the overruling necessity, is unified, concentrated will. War must be autocratic. That is why democracies will always fear and distrust war.

It compels a temporary surrender of their essential character, and this surrender is all the more imperative when democracies confront an autocracy organized for war.

The concentration of plenary powers in the executive is therefore a process we must not only adopt but wholeheartedly further. Our objections to the course of events in Washington should not be to this concentration in the executive but to ineffective organization of the executive. It is obvious that, if all depends upon a powerful executive, it is of vital importance that the executive should be so efficient as to express the maximum of power granted.

It is to be hoped the president will realize that this is a fair requirement and not to be ascribed in itself to party politics. It is fair, considering the fact that no man can wield these enormous and varied powers and must delegate them, to require of him the highest choice of personnel and the strictest coordination in organization. It may be that there will be no strengthening of the cabinet until some unhappy events or the long drawn-out unsatisfactory effort brings something in the nature of a political crisis. There ought to be hope, however, of an early overhauling of the advisory council of national defense and the evolution of a war council of the highest character, composed of men chosen with absolute disregard of party or personal considerations. The president's recent important appointments indicate his continued preoccupation with the partisan political factor of normal presidential selection. It is time for him to rise above this plane and call to his counsels men of the largest caliber regardless of party. Is Mr. Root to be allowed to retire? What use is to be made of Mr. Roosevelt's great power?

Editorial of the Day

CONSERVE OUR RESOURCES.

[From the Washington Post.]

Representatives of Holland, Sweden, and other neutral countries have made elaborate arguments to the state department to prove that strict limitation of exports to such neutral countries will adversely affect the interests of this country and the allies.

There have been intimations that some of these countries, now nicely balanced in their neutrality, should be forced to take sides with the central powers. They must be forced to take sides with the central powers. They must be forced to take sides with the central powers. They must be forced to take sides with the central powers.

If there were reasons for our participation in this war last April there are reasons now. The indications of a changed mind in Germany are not sufficient, are virtually negligible. The German the United States can live with upon friendly terms is not outlined. If peace came tomorrow it would leave the Germany we have regarded a threat to our future.

FIFTY-FIFTY.

An astonishing amount of human placidity, pleasure and happiness depends upon small detail. We may admit that a soldier, bound to meet the big, heroic unhappiness, pains and discontents, ought to have any alleviations which the small things of life may bring him.

It may be incongruous that a fellow who has come wet and muddy from the Homeric affairs in the United States will go fifty-fifty with the insurance men in France they will do a great deal to make leisure—such as a soldier gets—more comfortable. And doesn't the fellow with a rifle in France occasionally need consoling? Fifty-fifty between the man who is all the time safe and secure and the man who wants to and the man who part

THE METROPOLITAN IDEA.

It appears that once a westerner, visiting New York, was held up by a footpad with the demand: "Give me your money or I'll blow out your brains!" "Blow away," said the man from the west. "You can live in New York without brains, but you can't live without money."—The Lamb.

A LINE O' TYPE OR TWO

Motto: *"How to the Line, Let the quips fall where they may."*

THAT AMBIGUOUS BIRD.

In the National Guard we could carry a gun. We would bleed for the national banner; but our patience is done with that national gun: Pray can it, O National Cannon!

When handled by Noah and Webster, you see, The chick was merely a bird; but Old Noah to-day would be shocked, I dare say, At this silly, reprehensible word.

It is good, as a rule, for a smile on the soul, Or a laugh at a tea or a dinner; If you serve it up raw it will win a guffaw: Condemn it, all-powerful Tinner.

Pray, ban and taboo it, cold-pack it or stew it; The wits of the peepul may quicken; And your name will be blist if you heed our behest, And put a quietus on "chicken." FAN.

A GLANCE at the income tax bill reported by the Senate discloses that if this is a "rich man's war" the r. m. is paying for it.

We could wish that the health commissioner were more careful in the wording of his warnings. Our mail has been cluttered for several days with queries concerning his late bulletin in which he advises consumers to "boil their milk for a period of seven days."

APPARENTLY somebody shot the animal that figured on the first page recently. A restaurant on Wabash avenue offers "Tender lion and vegetables, 25 cents." Yet we had been induced to believe that he was a tough customer.

IN WHICH THE DEMOSTHENES OF THE SENATE SCOURS TO CAST THE PEARLS OF HIS ORATORY BEFORE UNAPPRECIATED SWINE.

[From the efficient Governmental Record.]

Mr. Root is to talk often for twenty minutes longer—but, but—but, with what I have said, registering my protest not only to deaf ears but to ears of those who leave the Senate and refuse to listen; with the fact before me that the only senators paying any attention are the senator from Texas [Mr. Sheppard], the senator from Florida [Mr. Trammell], the senator from Wyoming [Mr. Kendrick], the senator in charge of this bill [Mr. Smith of Arizona], the senator from California [Mr. Jones], the senator from Washington [Mr. Jones], the senator from West Virginia [Mr. Sutherland], and the senator from Indiana [Mr. H. M. Glass].

[Knowing that the Senate does not intend to consider this bill, that it has not been considered this bill, that it does not know what is in the bill, and that it proposes to pass it notwithstanding, I close my remarks and let the vote be taken.

For the protection of migratory birds, which unfortunately do not include the geese from Missouri.

"OF all the commanders of the eight German armies that invaded France none remains in power except the Crown Princes, who are irremovable no matter what mistakes they make."—The Independent. More power to their elbows!

"WE all extend our sympathy to Mr. Bud Alford in behalf of his son, who has been drafted."—Bowling Green News-Messenger.

Kentucky candor.

CEDILATORIAL QUEST.

In falsetto summer an old bachelors' mind will turn again to thoughts of love romantic, And build high dreams of happiness gigantic, And crave for the one perfectness to bind him to his mate, and to his mate to bind him, as a shadowed son for his soul's desire.

Coming to bring him love's immortal fire, To be his goddess—and his children's mother. Thus will he wander, ever on the quest,

Ever pursuing his elusive dream, And alone in reverie supreme,

His life-door open for the promised guest.

Then with the coming of autumnal rain, He'll stop and wonder—and begin again.

(Now, I might have written all this

In very like, nonchalant and delightful As that of Liberatio!

It would be much doubtless better—

Had I been able to do it all;—

But it certainly would have taken me Longer than this humble sonnet—twenty minutes.)

ADHUC CAPITVS.

WEARING glasses is no bar to admission to the dawn's early light what, etc., he is passed.

JEZEREL.

A REICHSTAG deputy refers to "the leaden weight of hunger." This, however, is nothing to the leaden weight of a piece of ham that refuses to digest and move on.

The Perfect Smoker.

Since the year of the terrible hurricane in Ireland I have created an even bushel of cigars, ranging in quality from a Bird Center de luxe to a Gold Coast dollar straight. I have hit the pipe—the briar-variety, I mean—in sundry Boul Mich studios, and, of course, on the steps of the Art Institute; have reduced to nearly asperses perhaps a peck of Virginia cheetos. And in my giddy moments have blithely tossed with the pipe when, whenever I am seized with a desire to incinerate the wretched I go to the leeward of the maddening draft. I never threaded my way along the Boul with a flaming cabbage protruding from my facial crater. I never stood in line in a jammed theater lobby or at a stamp window in the post office idly greeting Castilian smokers of smoke in the mephitic atmosphere.

I never planted myself in the windward end of a restaurant and forced the waiter to bring me to the leeward of the maddening draft. Furthermore, I never availed myself of a parlor match in a limousine while rushing an assortment of dowagers, dames, and debutantes to a Chaplin pie tournament. The smoker who knows unerringly when to restrain himself is as rare a bird as the ichthyosurus. The woe of My Lady Nicotine who conducts her amours with delicacy and grace and moderation is unconsciously doing his bit toward ushering in Howells' Altruria. C. W. H.

WHY should Germany pick a Pomeranian as food for the doge—the inquiry is C. E. C. &—and ignore that animated sausage, the esteemed daschund?

JAPANESE ENGLISH.

[Accompanying a fountain pen.]

This practical pen is superior, fine and strong and the extreme new fountain pen can compete with any old stodgy pen. The ideal fountain pen is different with old stodgy pens the point of Feuring ink freely inked in self action without filter (glass tube by which ink is poured into) which other pens must be necessary. Man will not be able to stop the ink from running out to left and when feet resistance the rounding must be stopped and the nib ink in round "A" oppositely to right again, the ink will be satisfactory full in the stick of pen, there in the time of writing, round "A" to the left, the ink pens out moderately, and use actively.

The Countess Edia is now 81 years of age and has, or rather had, until a short time ago, a son who lived in Boston, a twin sister, who, I am told, was a Mrs. Glade.

The Countess Edia kept up for many years correspondence with her relatives and friends in Boston, and among the latter was the poet Longfellow, to whom King Ferdinand sent, as well as to the public library at Boston, magnificently bound copies of "Hamlet" and of "The Merchant of Venice," translated into English by Ferdinand's son, the late King Luis of Portugal.

I may add that Ferdinand sacrificed a throne for the sake of his American wife.

Had it not been for this monarchic marriage of his, he would have been elected king of Spain in 1870, having been preferred by the Madrid cortes as a candidate both to Prince Leopold of Hohenlohe and the Italian royal Duke of Aosta, the latter the son of King Humbert of Italy.

The Countess Edia is now 81 years of age and has, or rather had, until a short time ago, a son who lived in Boston, a twin sister, who, I am told, was a Mrs. Glade.

The Countess Edia kept up for many years correspondence with her relatives and friends in Boston, and among the latter was the poet Longfellow, to whom King Ferdinand sent, as well as to the public library at Boston, magnificently bound copies of "Hamlet" and of "The Merchant of Venice," translated into English by Ferdinand's son, the late King Luis of Portugal.

I may add that Ferdinand sacrificed a throne for the sake of his American wife.

Had it not been for this monarchic marriage of his, he would have been elected king of Spain in 1870, having been preferred by the Madrid cortes as a candidate both to Prince Leopold of Hohenlohe and the Italian royal Duke of Aosta, the latter the son of King Humbert of Italy.

It is difficult to see how the king can

sacrifice the marriage, in view of the

bride's being a divorcee, and under no

circumstances would the king give up his

the right to any royal or imperial court.

According to the rules which prevail

there, there are only two ways of

marrying a king, namely,

marrying him canonically, in which event she no

longer has her husband's titles, honors

and royal prerogatives, nor any right to

his name, while in the other event he

must, like his kinsman, Don Miguel of

Braganza, make a sworn renunciation of

his royal status and legal rights, and

leave her as an ordinary citizen.

These preachers are becoming numerous because we have an idea that if the safe smokers in the United States will go fifty-fifty with the insurance men in France they will do a great deal to make leisure—such as a soldier gets—more comfortable. And doesn't the fellow with a rifle in France occasionally need consoling? Fifty-fifty between the man who is all the time safe and secure and the man who wants to and the man who part

and your editorials are without much influence to those who will do thinking for themselves a little.

W. OLSON.

HERE'S WHERE WE LOST

AN EDITORIAL.

Chicago, Aug. 4.—[Editor of The Tribune.]—I had planned to place an advertisement in your paper for Sunday, but after reading your editorial in your issue of Saturday, Aug. 4, entitled "Selling American Troops Abroad," I decided I would not do so. It apparently has finally reached the point in your department where one knows exactly what to expect in reading the publication.

This might be briefly said under the heading "Selling American Troops Abroad." All incidents must be distorted to their disadvantage and every effort made to intensify the most cry for war and blood.

A nation that prides itself on its civilization and bases this on the Christian doctrine of "peace and good will to man" should not so far forget itself as to forget that it is only a lie.

This is plain unscientific and unscientific.

It provides that the national

ideal shall be reorganized in accordance with the new plan call

for in the reception period in which

the new plan is to be received.

19,000 MEN TO EACH DIVISION, NEW ARMY ORDER

Reorganize Troops on the Plan of Allies to Aid Mobility.



200% SAMMY

He's Drafted in Two Places and Isn't Twins—So What's the Answer?

PERSHING WANTS MEN IN TRENCHES WHO USE NOODLES

National Army Should Be in Pink of Condition, General Says.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—Maj. Gen. Pershing, commander of the American expedition in France, told the Associated Press to-day it was highly essential that the men in America's conscript army should be in excellent physical condition, well disciplined, and capable of individual action. He added that the army organization must be built from the bottom up, each man and officer devoting all his energies to the work.

"Our men must be in good physical condition, keeping their morale clean and thereby capable of meeting the trying conditions of modern warfare," the general said. "The men must learn to obey orders promptly, implicitly, and willingly, but not necessarily automatically."

Want No Machine Made Men.

"I object to the word 'automatic' because we do not want a machine made organization, but an army of thinking men—men with individuality, men fully capable of being ready to assume command of units, should their officers be killed or incapacitated, as sometimes happens in trench warfare."

"No card—pinch—cabalooze," he argued. "Better register and be sure. He was no slacker."

So he dropped over to headquarters, district No. 1, and put his name down.

He awaited developments. They came fast. He received notice to report at St. Louis; ditto Chicago.

"I guess I'll get in," he said last night.

The men must be made to realize that war is not sport or play, but serious work demanding the utmost energy and attention to insure success."

Wants Men Who Use Noodlets.

Gren. Pershing likened army organization to a football team in which each man is trained to physical perfection under strict discipline, but capable of brilliant individual action in a crisis.

He added: "We want our men trained the same way."

The general was optimistic and confident that America's army would give an excellent account of itself and would come up to the expectations of the other entente allies, despite the tremendous amount of work necessary before active American participation in trench warfare was possible.

MINNESOTA WAR BOARD TO CRUSH SEDITIONARY WAVE

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 7.—After an all-day session devoted to consideration of reports of seditions manifestations in many sections of Minnesota, the state public safety commission late today issued an appeal to all loyal citizens to join in a movement for the suppression of anti-draft seditionist sentiment.

"We protest against any order by the government based upon race discrimination. Our soldiers have been fighting drafts as well fight and die if need be for this country and democracy."

"We demand the same treatment and training for all United States soldiers regardless of race or color. Let our government stand for one country, one flag, one duty for all citizens and for real democracy in our own country as well as for democracy in Europe."

Kapt at Fighting Strength.

The smaller sized divisions call for maintenance of all units at full fighting strength. For this purpose reserve battalions will be provided. These will consist of 612 men each, and all units will be held in readiness for deployment.

The order specifies sixteen divisions of the national army to be organized and numbered from 76 to 91, but indicates that the number to be given to each of the different units in each division. It provides that the sixteen divisions of the national guard now organized shall be reorganized to conform to the new plan as soon as practicable after their arrival in the training camp.

The new organization, there are three regiments of field artillery to three regiments of cavalry, is to stand in the ratio of three to nine, as at present. In addition a trench mortar battery is attached to each division.

The machine gun arm is also materially enlarged. A machine gun battalion of four companies has been made a unit of each division, in addition to three ma-

BATTLE PROBLEM ON BIG SCALE AT FORT SHERIDAN

Two All Day Field Exercises to End Training.

BY PARKE BROWN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., Aug. 7.—[Special.] Two big all day battles with Illinois men on one side and Michigan-Wisconsin men on the other are impending.

The program for the reserve officers' training camp for the next two days was made out today. For the first time the two training regiments meet in combat—first in a field encounter and next in a battle during which one will attempt to force Fort Sheridan against the attack of the other. These are the largest maneuvers attempted during the instructional period which closes on Saturday.

At 7:30 tomorrow the Illinois regiment will march out of the reservation to the south. The Michigan-Wisconsin regiment will go north. Each will "hike" five miles as the advance guard of a division. Each will be supplemented with a troop of cavalry and a battery of artil-

lery. The strength of the new division will be 15,000 men, conforming to European combat fighting units, instead of 28,000, the present divisional strength.

There will be only two brigades of infantry to a division, instead of three, as at present. This will eliminate one brigadier general in each division.

Pershing Army Reorganized.

The regular army, now in mobilization status, will be reorganized to conform to the new plan at once. The national guard will be reorganized after its arrival in training camp. The national army from the first will be organized under the new plan.

It was announced that Gen. Pershing, now in France, already has been organized under the new plan.

When the full military force is sent to France the organization of army corps, consisting of three divisions each, and armies, consisting of three or more army corps, will be perfected.

This plan contemplates having a major general in command of each division, a lieutenant general in command of each corps, and a general commanding of the army. Congress must restore the rank of lieutenant general and general before this plan can be consummated, and there will be lively speculation here as to the sections for the high commands.

Before the reorganization was contemplated the war department instructed the new plan for congress to restore the rank of lieutenant general and general before that promotion of Gen. Pershing to that rank would follow as soon as congress acts.

Plan Sixteen New Divisions.

The organization provides for no new divisions in the division. The division as at present constituted calls for one regiment of cavalry. The present division also calls for one aero squadron, while the new plan calls for none, the aircraft units being otherwise provided for.

The order specifies sixteen divisions of the national army to be organized and numbered from 76 to 91, but indicates that the number to be given to each of the different units in each division. It provides that the sixteen divisions of the national guard now organized shall be reorganized to conform to the new plan as soon as practicable after their arrival in the training camp.

The new organization, there are three regiments of field artillery to three regiments of cavalry, is to stand in the ratio of three to nine, as at present. In addition a trench mortar battery is attached to each division.

The machine gun arm is also materially enlarged. A machine gun battalion of four companies has been made a unit of each division, in addition to three ma-

SOLDIERS INVITE THEIR GIRLS TO ARMORY DANCES

This Army Life Growing More Strenuous Every Day.

BY PARKE BROWN.

Fort Sheridan, Ill., Aug. 7.—[Special.]

Two big all day battles with Illinois men on one side and Michigan-Wisconsin men on the other are impending.

The program for the reserve officers' training camp for the next two days was made out today. For the first time the two training regiments meet in combat—first in a field encounter and next in a battle during which one will attempt to force Fort Sheridan against the attack of the other. These are the largest maneuvers attempted during the instructional period which closes on Saturday.

At 7:30 tomorrow the Illinois regiment will march out of the reservation to the south. The Michigan-Wisconsin regiment will go north. Each will "hike" five miles as the advance guard of a division. Each will be supplemented with a troop of cavalry and a battery of artil-

lery. The strength of the new division will be 15,000 men, conforming to European combat fighting units, instead of 28,000, the present divisional strength.

There will be only two brigades of infantry to a division, instead of three, as at present. This will eliminate one brigadier general in each division.

Pershing Army Reorganized.

The regular army, now in mobilization status, will be reorganized to conform to the new plan at once. The national guard will be reorganized after its arrival in training camp. The national army from the first will be organized under the new plan.

It was announced that Gen. Pershing, now in France, already has been organized under the new plan.

When the full military force is sent to France the organization of army corps, consisting of three divisions each, and armies, consisting of three or more army corps, will be perfected.

This plan contemplates having a major general in command of each division, a lieutenant general in command of each corps, and a general commanding of the army. Congress must restore the rank of lieutenant general and general before this plan can be consummated, and there will be lively speculation here as to the sections for the high commands.

Before the reorganization was contemplated the war department instructed the new plan for congress to restore the rank of lieutenant general and general before that promotion of Gen. Pershing to that rank would follow as soon as congress acts.

Plan Sixteen New Divisions.

The organization provides for no new divisions in the division. The division as at present constituted calls for one regiment of cavalry. The present division also calls for one aero squadron, while the new plan calls for none, the aircraft units being otherwise provided for.

The order specifies sixteen divisions of the national army to be organized and numbered from 76 to 91, but indicates that the number to be given to each of the different units in each division. It provides that the sixteen divisions of the national guard now organized shall be reorganized to conform to the new plan as soon as practicable after their arrival in the training camp.

The new organization, there are three regiments of field artillery to three regiments of cavalry, is to stand in the ratio of three to nine, as at present. In addition a trench mortar battery is attached to each division.

The machine gun arm is also materially enlarged. A machine gun battalion of four companies has been made a unit of each division, in addition to three ma-

nhers. Men with only a belt and rifle to distinguish them from spectators marched beside their brothers in khaki. Only a few details to guard headquarters and a few others whose work was under for a month or more stayed behind. Equipment for additional equipment have been in for some time.

The line of march was east in Thirty-seventh street to Lake Park avenue, south to Forty-third street, west to Wentworth, and back to the armory.

COL. E. E. WOOD AND MAJ. VINCENT,

RECRUITING THE NEW ELEVENTH INFANTRY FOR DUTY AT HOME AFTER THE FEDERALIZED MILITIA HAS DEPARTED, REPORT THAT 400 MEN HAVE ALREADY BEEN SIGNED UP AT THE HEADQUARTERS, 124 WEST ADAMS STREET. THE MEN ARE TO BE DRILLED AT THE SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY, IT IS RUINED.

ELEVENTH INFANTRY (124 West Adams Street)

COL. E. E. WOOD AND MAJ. VINCENT,

RECRUITING THE NEW ELEVENTH INFANTRY FOR DUTY AT HOME AFTER THE FEDERALIZED MILITIA HAS DEPARTED, REPORT THAT 400 MEN HAVE ALREADY BEEN SIGNED UP AT THE HEADQUARTERS, 124 WEST ADAMS STREET. THE MEN ARE TO BE DRILLED AT THE SECOND REGIMENT ARMORY, IT IS RUINED.

EIGHTH INFANTRY (3517 Forest Avenue.)

MEMBERS OF THE EIGHTH INFANTRY WERE SORELY DISAPPOINTED WHEN THEY LEARNED THAT THE CAMP GYMNASIUM WAS NOT TO BE USED FOR A DANCE LAST NIGHT. AT THE ARMORY OF THE SECOND INFANTRY A PIANO KEPT MUSIC IN THE AIR DURING THE GREATER PART OF THE AFTERNOON.

AT 7:30 TOMORROW THE ILLINOIS REGIMENT WILL MARCH OUT OF THE RESERVATION TO THE SOUTH. THE MICHIGAN-WISCONSIN REGIMENT WILL GO NORTH. EACH WILL "HIKE" FIVE MILES AS THE ADVANCE GUARD OF A DIVISION. EACH WILL BE SUPPLEMENTED WITH A TROOP OF CAVALRY AND A BATTERY OF ARTILLERY.

FIRST ILLINOIS FIELD ARTILLERY (Fort Sheridan.)

THE CAMP WAS NAMED YESTERDAY "CAMP GEISELER," AFTER A FRENCH HERO. HEADQUARTERS COMPANY WILL GIVE A BANQUET AT ACADEMIA HALL, BURGESS AND SUNNYSIDE AVENUE, AUG. 15, FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MESS FUNDS. THE ADMISSION WILL BE \$1 A COUPLE. A THOUSAND COUPLES ARE EXPECTED. THE REGIMENTAL BAND OF FORTY-ONE PIECES WILL FURNISH THE MUSIC.

CAMP ON EDGE.

THE CAMP IS ON EDGE, WAITING FOR WORD FROM WASHINGTON CONCERNING COMMISSIONS.

THIS EVENING AT THE SECOND OF THE REGIMENTAL BATTALIONS, COL. W. J. NICHOLS, WANTED THE PROSPECTIVE OFFICERS NOT TO WRITE ANONYMOUS LETTERS, "AS HAS BEEN DONE BY SOME MEN IN THIS CAMP."

"SUCH A MAN," HE SAID, "I WOULD NOT PICK OUT OF PERTINENCE WITH A PAIR OF BOWED TONGS."

THE 1,800 STUDENTS PRESENT WERE DEEPLY STIRRED WHEN MME. BERITA SANG THE "MARSELLESSE" AND THEN AN ENCORE OF THE NATIONAL ANTHEM, WITH EVERY OFFICER AND STUDENT STANDING AT SALUTE.

SHOWER-BATH HOUSES HAVE BEEN BUILT FOR EACH BATTALION, AND ONE FOR THE OFFICERS. THE BATTALION BATHS CONTAIN TEN SHOWERS, THOSE FOR THE OFFICERS FOUR.

IT RAINED HARD FROM 12 TO 2 O'CLOCK. WITH THE SUN AND GOOD DRAINAGE THE CAMP WAS DRY AND CLEAN BY EVENING.

SECOND INFANTRY (2653 West Madison Street)

MEMBERS OF THE SECOND INFANTRY SPENT RATHER SADLY YESTERDAY. ALL HAD BEEN ORDERED TO REMAIN CLOSE TO QUARTERS THAT THE PHYSICIANS MAKING THE TUBERCULAR TESTS MIGHT CALL THEM WHEN NEEDED. THE WORK IS EXPECTED TO BE COMPLETED LATE TODAY.

"WE PROTEST AGAINST ANY ORDER BY THE GOVERNMENT BASED UPON RACE DISCRIMINATION. OUR SOLDIERS HAVE BEEN FIGHTING DRAFTS AS WELL FIGHT AND DIE IF NEED BE FOR THIS COUNTRY AND DEMOCRACY."

"WE DEMAND THE SAME TREATMENT AND TRAINING FOR ALL UNITED STATES SOLDIERS REGARDLESS OF RACE OR COLOR. LET OUR GOVERNMENT STAND FOR ONE COUNTRY, ONE FLAG, ONE DUTY FOR ALL CITIZENS AND FOR REAL DEMOCRACY IN OUR OWN COUNTRY AS WELL AS FOR DEMOCRACY IN EUROPE."

SEVENTH INFANTRY (3401 Wentworth Avenue.)

MERE LACK OF UNIFORMS AND EQUIPMENT FAILED TO DETER MEMBERS OF THE SEVENTH INFANTRY FROM ACQUIRING THE SPIRIT OF THE OCCASION WHEN ORDERS WERE ISSUED FOR THE ENTIRE REGIMENT TO TAKE PART IN A SIX MILE "HIKE" OVER STREETS OF THE CITY.

OSCAR MAYER'S EDELWEISS HAMS AND BACON

Oscar F. Mayer & Sons, Chicago, Ill. Manufacturers of Hams and Bacon. Write for special proposition.

BACON with a "different" flavor!

FRAGRANT SMOKE OF BURNING HICKORY ADDS TO OSCAR MAYER'S "EDELWEISS" BACON, A DELICACY OF FLAVOR THAT DEFIES DESCRIPTION.

SERVE IT FOR BREAKFAST—WITH GOLDEN-CENTERED EGGS, OR ALONE!

"GOT" INSPECTION FOR YOUR PROTECTION

Queen Anne Mahogany Library Table..... \$30.00 \$24.00

Solid Mahogany Oval Library Table..... 50.00 39.00

Walnut and Mahogany Writing Table..... 40.00 25.00

Chinese Lacquered Tip-Up Card Table..... 44.00 22.00

Adam Mahogany Sofa, in denim..... 165.00 85.00

Solid Black Walnut William and Mary Dining Table and 6 Chairs, in tapestry, 7 pieces..... 212.00 180.00

Louis XVI. Ivory Enamelled Triple Glass Dressing Table..... 170.00 95.00

Candl. Stand to match..... 36.00 24.00

Louis XVI. Ivory Enamelled Bedoom Suite with glass tops, 8 pieces..... 587.00 400.00

Hand Decorated Walnut Breakfast Room Suite, in Chinese Chippendale, 8 pieces..... 366.00 195.00

Charles II. Mahogany China Cabinet..... 90.00 45.00

Serving Table to match..... 55.00 25.00

Elizabethan Oak Console Sideboard..... 70.00 45.00

Dining Table to match..... 50.00 39.00

Chinese Chippendale Mahogany Dressing Table, Dressing Table to match..... 110.00 85.00</p

ARMY

9134 S. Adams
8864 S. Union
8745 S. Union
9913 S. Wabash
10624 S. Wood
8334 Keweenaw
8912 S. Halsted
99 W. 81st
8022 S. Paulina
1925 Prairie
1519 W. 104th
8542 Lowe

RICT 75.

2410 Ballou
2218 N. Spaulding
2118 N. Belden
2613 N. Troy
2322 N. Lawndale
2115 N. Spaulding
2721 N. Albany

RICT 80.

309 N. Central
756 N. Pine
2118 N. Paulina
4457 Racine
5043 Chicago
307 N. Central
5836 Fulton

RICT 83.

3149 S. Karlov

3662 S. Central Park

RICT 85.

510 S. Kildare
4017 W. Van Buren
4428 Cortez
213 N. Karlov
4101 Washington
4507 Jackson
4337 Congress
4212 Congress
4232 Kildare
4233 Walton
121 N. Kildare

4381 Congress

261 N. Kostner

3212 N. Kildare

4518 Adams

28 N. Karlov

4518 Wilcox

4126 Congress

4518 Wilcox

4410 Thomas

4212 Van Buren

4627 W. Van Buren

1442 W. Adams

4420 N. Kildare

4005 Madison

4339 Madison

4347 Cortez

4242 Augusta

4518 Adams

813 N. Kildare

4450 Wilcox

4402 Fulton

4367 Wilcox

4426 Congress

4127 Adams

4129 Crystal

4434 Thomas

4011 Gladys

4426 Congress

4302 Augusta

4518 Adams

4334 Adams

4234 Iowa

316 S. Kildare

4126 Congress

4144 Kildare

4442 Thomas

4143 Gladys

4426 Congress

4034 W. Potempski

4429 Carroll

RICT 2 (Country).

Evanston

PAUL GARDNER LEADS STUART IN GOLF PLAY

Clubmates on Top in Qualifying Round of Tam O'Shanter

BY JOE DAVIS.

Two Onwentsia golfers, Paul Gardner and Douglas Stuart, had a close race for low score honors in the qualifying round of the second annual Tam O'Shanter tournament of the Westoverland Country club, the former leading, 160 to 162.

The former conference tennis champion led his way to a fine round of 77 in the morning. Going out in 40, he was four strokes over par. He started home with a birdie 3 and wound up with a fine 4 on the home hole, 453 yards, giving him a par.

In the afternoon Gardner started poorly, and a 7 on the long sixth hole put him further behind, but his in round showed great improvement and he finished with an 83.

Stuart, who had 84 in the morning, improved in the afternoon with a card of 78.

Bankard Is Third.

E. Hoover Bankard of Midlothian, who dislocated two bones in his right hand when trying to knock the ball out of a handball court, was third with 81-83-164. It was his first game since the western amateur championship, and his long game suffered a little by reason of his injury.

J. J. Bally, Ridgemoor star, who has not played much for two years, got into the first flight, despite a lot of poor putting.

Most of the players lost strokes on the greens which are not uniform in speed. The course, however, was in good shape for scoring, and a heavy shower just before the luncheon interval improved the going of a number of the holes.

Scene on Course Picturesque. The sixty-four contestants had a variety of weather, it being dull and cool in the early stages. After the rain the sun shone brightly and the players, with the red Tam O'Shanter caps, which had a little bit of Ireland on the top, gave the course a picturesque appearance.

Eight flights qualified by gross scores and today the player making low gross for thirty-six holes in his flight will win the trophy for that flight. Gardner's low card with the par of the course was as follows:

Gardner-Out. 5 6 4 4 5 4 5 4 3 5 - 40
Gardner-In. 3 4 4 4 5 4 5 4 3 - 37-77
Par-In. 4 4 5 3 4 4 5 4 3 - 73

SUMMARY OF FLIGHT.

FIRST FLIGHT.

A. M. P. Tot.
P. Gardner, Onwentsia. 77 83 160
D. S. Stuart, Onwentsia. 84 78 162
E. H. Bankard, Midlothian. 81 83 164
F. B. Farnsworth, Westoverland 80 83 165
J. M. Bogen, Westoverland. 80 83 166
P. Gardner, Onwentsia. 85 83 168

SECOND FLIGHT.

E. H. Bankard, Westoverland. 86 87 170
J. J. Bally, Ridgemoor, Edgewater. 85 87 171
W. T. Johnson, Oak Park. 86 87 172
R. P. Shimmin, Westoverland. 86 88 174
D. A. Campbell, Skokie. 86 87 175
J. N. West, Westoverland. 86 87 176
W. M. Wilson, Flossmoor. 81 85 176

THIRD FLIGHT.

G. N. Neary, Westoverland. 94 88 178
G. H. Becker, Evanston. 97 84 181
C. R. Terry, Beverly. 91 91 182
J. A. Morris, Westoverland. 91 86 180
G. A. Poole, Jr., Westoverland. 91 90 181
J. B. Westcott, Westoverland. 91 90 181
T. C. Moulding, Westoverland. 91 90 181

FOURTH FLIGHT.

O. H. Rockford, Skokie. 80 93 182
A. R. Haigh, Beverly. 91 91 182
L. E. Ernst, Edgewater. 88 90 184
F. J. Coyer, Olympia. 93 93 186
H. R. King, Westoverland. 90 97 186
C. F. Crittenden, Westoverland. 94 94 186

FIFTH FLIGHT.

H. J. Sloan, Westoverland. 90 98 182
A. S. Keys, Springfield. 94 98 182
D. J. Williams, Skokie. 91 98 182
A. R. Mueller, Westoverland. 98 98 182
M. J. O'Brien, Westoverland. 95 94 180
D. A. Campbell, Skokie. 91 90 181
F. W. Benson, Westoverland. 98 95 185

SIXTH FLIGHT.

H. C. Clover, Edgewater. 95 99 194
J. D. Williams, Skokie. 97 91 194
H. B. Oakley, Westoverland. 97 97 194
G. E. Haskins, Edgewater. 97 99 195
J. A. Campbell, Skokie. 93 101 196
H. A. Calvert, Evanston. 93 101 196
H. Manning, Westoverland. 100 100 198

EIGHTH FLIGHT.

J. E. Hall, Philadelphia. 108 100 200
P. H. Ellis, Westoverland. 111 102 213
E. L. Pollock, Westoverland. 108 110 208
H. A. Scrandis, Westoverland. 110 110 208
C. D. Hall, Oak Park. 108 110 231
H. Manning, Westoverland. 100 100 208

JUNIOR GOLFERS OPEN MEET TODAY

The fourth annual junior championship of the Western Golf association will start tomorrow morning at the Western Country club at 9:15. Vinton, the former winner, has been Charles F. Grimes of Cincinnati, DeWitt Balch of Cincinnati and John Simpson of Terre Haute. All three have passed the age limit of 20 years. The class of the present field of sixty-four appears about equal to those which preceded it, and the winner will have to play good golf to land the title.

Entrants in the first course for high class players, and those in the second course not at well trained doubles will have their troubles, especially those who have not mastered the mamble pitch.

Among the contestants are the sons of several of the local pioneers, including Ralph L. Farwell of Onwentsia, Harry E. Clegg, Jr., of Onwentsia; Burton W. Mudge, Jr., of Edgewater; and the Commissioner of Onwentsia; John M. Gilmore of Flossmoor; Franklin Clement of Edgewater, and Lawrence Bauer of Skokie.

Fred Enck Beats Gary in Aurora Ten Rounder

Aurora, Ill., Aug. 7.—[Special]—Fred Enck of Aurora, who was given a decision over Jimmy Gary of Chicago after ten rounds of fighting tonight, The Aurora boy had the better of every round but the first and third, which were even.

READY FOR A DIVE

The Accompanying Photograph Shows Miss Lucy Freeman of the National Woman's Life Saving League, Who Won the National A. A. U. Championship for Women, at Sheephead Bay, N. Y. Miss Freeman Covered the Course of About 2 1/2 Miles in 1:25:36 2-5.

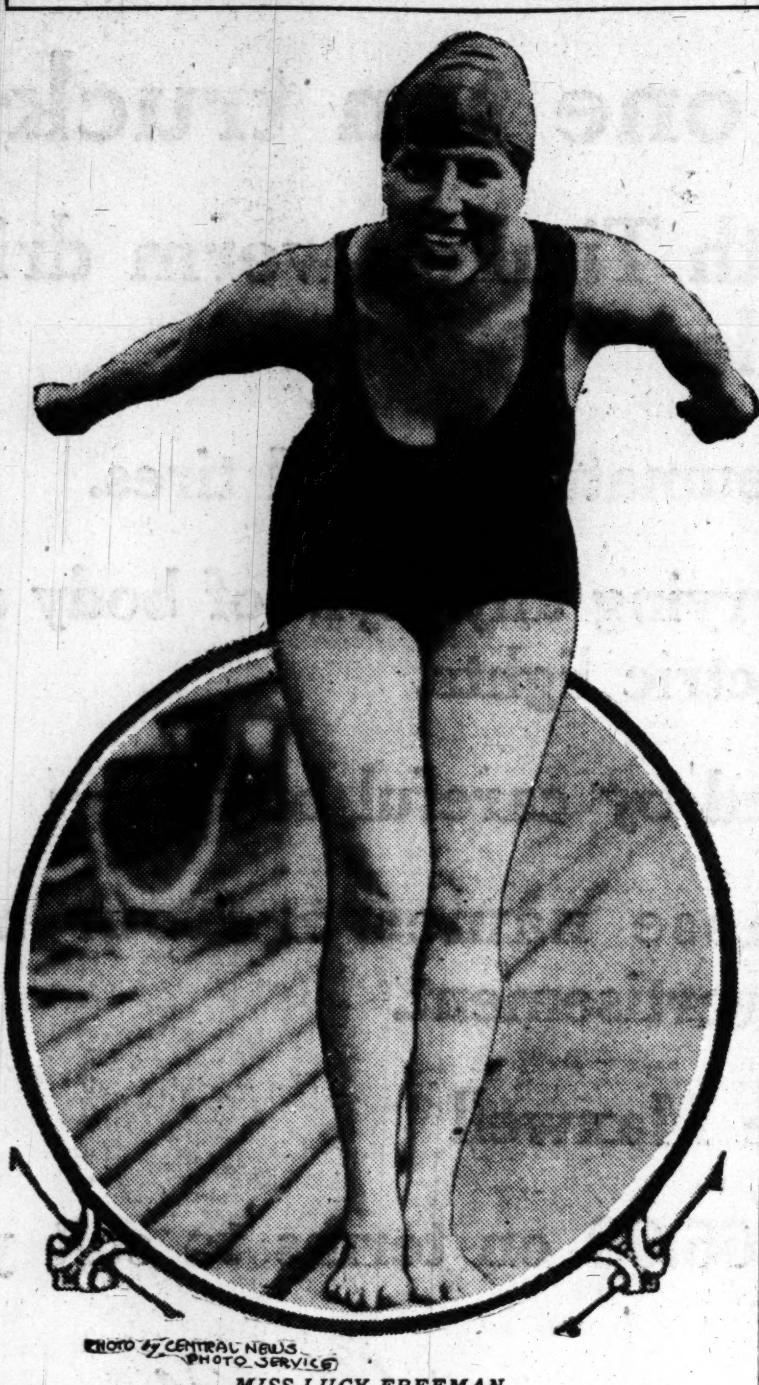


PHOTO BY CENTRAL NEWS PHOTO SERVICE

MISS LUCY FREEMAN.

PARKING BOOTH FOR MOTORISTS TO BALK THIEVES

Watchmen to Guard Cars in Grant Park; Commission Approval Sought.

BY GEORGE SHAFFER.

Part of the south side district is to be aid to thieves and predatory snaks who sift the tired business man's machine of equipment, if a scheme worked out last night by the Chicago Motor club, to be applied with approval of the south parks commission, makes good.

The scheme, as voted and passed unanimously by the motor club, is to employ special watchmen to check the cars of club members and other motorists at a checking booth to be erected in Grant park and to guard the machines in a specially set aside district in the park. The service will be free. Part of the resolution passed by the motor club puts a rigid ban on tips, providing for the discharge of watchmen money.

Watchmen as Checkers.

Two watchmen will be put on the job as checkers at first. If the space necessary for parking the cars has to be enlarged to accommodate more autos, the force of watchmen may be increased.

Each motorist as he drives to the parking place will receive a check at the booth and will have to match his check with a duplicate in possession of the watchmen before being allowed to take his car away. Hangers-on about the parking space will be ordered away.

Many Cars Stolen.

"Fifty cars a day are stolen," said President Hayes of the club. "Some action has been taken in contemplation for some time. The final blow came recently when a woman was thrown into hysterics on her return to her machine in Grant park when she saw sneak thieves coolly removing the tires and stripping the car of all its accessories."

General Supt. J. F. Foster of the south park system lent his approval to the scheme and said the south parks board would help in every way to make it a success.

Swim for A. A. U. Titles at Detroit on Saturday

Another batch of Central A. A. U. swimming contests will be held Saturday, Aug. 15, at the Detroit, Mich., club, the swimming course of the Detroit Boat club. Various Michigan state title events will be run off as part of the same program. A number of stars of the Chicago athletic clubs will make the trip for the title events, and young women who competed in the first batch of the championships at the South Shore Country club last Saturday, also are expected to compete. The championships booked for Saturday.

Swim for A. A. U. Titles at Detroit on Saturday

Another batch of Central A. A. U. swimming contests will be held Saturday, Aug. 15, at the Detroit, Mich., club, the swimming course of the Detroit Boat club. Various Michigan state title events will be run off as part of the same program. A number of stars of the Chicago athletic clubs will make the trip for the title events, and young women who competed in the first batch of the championships at the South Shore Country club last Saturday, also are expected to compete. The championships booked for Saturday.

GRAND CIRCUIT RACES

TRIBUNE DECISIONS!

Decisions of "Tribune" eight representatives are:
At Aurora—Fred Beck won decision from Jimmy Gary (10); Franklin Martin and Jimmy (10); Letty Taylor stopped Eddie Kell (3).
At Des Moines—Sally Burns beat Andy Dans (10).
At Saratoga—Ted Lewis and Jimmy O'Hagan fought draw (10).
At New York—Bill Brennan beat Bartley Madden (10).
At Boston—Pete Gline stopped Finney Boyle (1). Marty Farrell knocked out Joe Eagon (2).

Exhaust Echoes & John DeLong

BY WALTER ECKERSLEY.

By careful nursing of the balls and by negotiating a coronal shot with the accuracy and precision of a billiard player, Charles C. King, western champion, and Kramer of six years, defeated Kramer of six years, defeated Kramer of six years, King, in command at Fort Sheridan, is expected to result in the construction of a new military highway between Chicago and the two government camps.

The necessity of a military highway between these posts and Chicago, especially of sustaining large numbers of heavily loaded motor trucks, will be apparent to everyone. Already the existing highways are crowded beyond the limits of comfort and safety, and are wholly inadequate for the accommodation of motor trucks these two posts are now using.

Details of the dinner and conference have been placed in the hands of the Association of North Shore Municipalities, the officials of which announced their plans yesterday. The dinner will start from the Art institute at 2 o'clock and proceed to Great Lakes station. Samuel M. Hastings, Gordon Ramsey and F. F. Penfield will be present.

Ramsey and F. F. Penfield, members of the commission, state that short stops will be made at certain north shore suburbs and that the motorcade will reach Great Lakes at 4:45 p. m. The entertainment plans include in addition to the dinner, dress parades at both Great Lakes and Fort Sheridan.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

Another event set for Saturday is to be staged at Speedway park. The feature event will be a motorcycle race, fourteen entries for which have been received to date. There also will be an automobile contest, but in defense of the wishes of President D. F. McPhail, the automobile race will be classed as a speed demonstration, in order not to conflict with the American Automobile association's rules. The events will take place in the afternoon and will include bicycle races and running races between athletes from the Grant park naval training station. The band from the Great Lakes naval training station will furnish the music and a detachment of blue jackets will engage in a drill.

TOWN OFFICIALS FACE ACTION ON LIQUOR ISSUE

Inquiry Into Alleged Plot Started by Assistant Prosecutor.

Separating the sheep from the goats of all country town officials will be started today by Assistant State's Attorney Charles Case Case Jr., who is delegated by State's Attorney Hoyne in the latter's absence from the city to nail down the Sunday lid.

Mr. Case is preparing to classify those officials who may be prosecuted for malfeasance in office for neglect in permitting saloons to operate Sunday, and those who may escape prosecution.

Those town officials are technically guilty of malfeasance, he stated yesterday, and as such can be indicted and prosecuted. But it is not his intention to institute any proceedings until the evidence gathered is so conclusive that conviction would be almost certain.

Situation Is Clear.

The officials, he said, have known ever since they took office of the state law prohibiting the sale of liquors on Sunday that they were technically guilty of violating the "palpable omission of duty" or malfeasance in office statute.

"We are giving everybody just enough rope so that they can hang themselves," he said.

This remark appeared to apply to a great number of people outside of Chicago, as well as to the officials whom the saloons owe their licenses. The separation of the sheep from the goats will take cognizance also. THE TRIBUNE is informed, of those saloonists who are said to have banded themselves together to defy the state's attorney.

Conspiracy Action Hinted.

Such a move is regarded by many persons as a conspiracy. Mr. Case hinted yesterday that prosecutions would result because of it.

"Some people will wake up and find themselves in the position," he said.

As the first move in the weeding out process he caused subpoenas to be issued for Henry Kaul, mayor of Forest Park, and the four commissioners—Conrad Michalsky, H. W. Hanna, Henry C. Reich, and Adolph Wendt. They will be questioned today in the state's attorney's office, and the record taken before the grand jury.

The grand jury, it is said, will probably hear each step of the state's attorney's campaign for a strict Sunday closing. Reports have it that Case will question the Forest Park officials about the meeting held in Forest Park recently, at which an organization of saloonkeepers was formed, and formed, principally, it is alleged, to defile Mr. Hoyne.

Kaul condemned the meeting, but he and his fellows may be able to give Case some information about it.

GIRL OF 13 CHIEF WITNESS IN MANN ACT COMPLAINT

Both federal and state prosecution is to be the lot of Charles Elie on a charge of enticing a girl of 13 years from her home to the Mann Act.

United States District Attorney Charles F. Clyne has his way. The man and girl were arrested Monday at a downtown hotel when the proprietor noticed the youth of the girl and reported it to the police.

When the case was called before United States Commissioner Lewis F. Mason he demanded an adjournment. The Mann act transgression that it has been his lot to hear. He held Elie in \$5,000 bonds.

Elie at the present is under one charge—that of violating the Mann Act—which carries a penalty of ten years in the penitentiary. Another charge, a serious statutory one, could have been placed against him, but pending for a year from now to date. This was pointed out to Mr. Clyne, and he immediately agreed to consult with State's Attorney Hoyne and urge that Elie be indicted under that charge as well.

"There is no reason why this man should not be prosecuted against under both federal and state laws and I will see that he is," said Mr. Hoyne, "and I hope he will be indicted under the state laws. The girl added as an officer took Elie to a cell in the county jail.

Two Doctors Sue Same Man.

Dr. Alvin A. Stevens, 100 North Michigan avenue, and Dr. Lewis F. Mason, 122 South Michigan avenue, filed two \$10,000 damage suits in the circuit court yesterday against Paul Gordon, attorney for Rosenthal, Hauff and Wormser, the attorneys for Elie. The action was to recover physician's fees that were due the plaintiffs from Gordon.

Revell & Co.
Attractive Draperies for Store and Shop Windows

Orders Placed Now Will Be Executed More Promptly Than Later.
French Drop Shades, Austrian Cloth Shades and Valances, for stores and shop windows; also Sun Porch Draperies, Cassette Window and French Door Draperies, Sash and Vestibule Laces, etc. etc. Suggestions and estimates submitted.
Phone Central 769
Drapery Department.
Alexander H. Revell & Co.
Wabash Ave. and Adams St.

MAYOR DEFENDED ON ALLEY ISSUE IN THEATER DEAL

Plan of Woodlawn Theater Co. Declared Legitimate.

SYSTEM TURNS TAXPAYERS INTO DODGERS, CHARGE

Chief Board of Review Clerk Says Millionaires Are Losing Outings.

The theater at \$25,000 East Sixty-third street, to construct which an alley was vacated after the property had been sold to Mayor Thompson, will be erected by the Woodlawn Theater company, the president of which is Alexander Simpson.

Part of the land on which the theater is to be built was sold by Mayor Thompson to Nicholas Kyriakopoulos April 12, 1910.

Kyriakopoulos transferred the land to Mr. Simpson July 18, 1910.

The ordinance vacating the alley, introduced by Ald. Kimball, was passed July 10, 1910.

Deal Is Explained.

"There have been in the real estate business thirty years," said W. J. Moore, president of the American Bond and Mortgage company, 190 West Jackson boulevard, which is financing the theater company, "and I have never heard of a property concession necessary to secure the vacating of an alley. I suppose where the property directly abuts upon the portion of the alley to be vacated. No property owner about the theater is injuriously affected by the vacating of the alley. They are, in fact, benefited by the widening of both the east and west and north and south alleys. The city receives 2,000 square feet of adjoining property to be used for widening the alleys and \$1,000 in cash. The vacating ordinance does not shut any one off from an alley."

Abolishes the Mayor.

"I am sure that when Mayor Thompson sold the property he had no idea a theater would be erected. Mr. Simpson engineered through the vacating ordinance."

"To show Mayor Thompson's attitude toward the ordinance I will add it up in two months before signing it. The mayor is not interested financially in the theater, nor is any one connected with the city hall. All the property owners, storekeepers, and residents of the neighborhood are glad the theater is to be built, and have no expressed themselves."

"The lots on which the theater is to stand were sold a year ago," said Mayor Thompson. "I knew nothing about the vacating of the alley until after the ordinance was passed."

MRS. DE SAULLES GIVEN ROOM IN SHERIFF'S HOME

Minneapolis, N. Y., Aug. 7.—Preparations were well under way tonight for the inquest Thursday into the death of John L. De Saules, famous Yale athlete, who was shot and killed at his Long Island home last Friday night by his former wife, Mrs. Blanche De Saules, when he refused to turn their young son over to her care.

No move was made today by Henry Uterhart, attorney for Mrs. De Saules, to have her removed to a hospital, although physicians who examined her at his request reported that she was on the verge of a mental and physical collapse. Sheriff Seaman admitted, however, that she had been transferred from her cell in the county jail to a much larger and more comfortable room in his own quarters.

Efforts by Mr. Uterhart and Mrs. De Saules, to locate her son, for whom she calls almost constantly, have not been successful.

"The lots on which the theater is to stand were sold a year ago," said Mayor Thompson. "I knew nothing about the vacating of the alley until after the ordinance was passed."

Gray Suede Boot with Steel Beading on Vamp and Sides. Turn Sole. Wood French Heel. PRICED AT ONLY \$12.50

ALSO SHOWN AT 205 SO. STATE ST. O-G BOOTERY.

L'Exquisite'

FIRST VIEW of an Early Arrival for the Fall of 1911.

GRAY SUEDE BOOT WITH STEEL BEADING ON VAMP AND SIDES. TURN SOLE. WOOD FRENCH HEEL. PRICED AT ONLY \$12.50

ALSO SHOWN AT 205 SO. STATE ST. O-G BOOTERY.

5000

Chas. A. Stevens & Bros.

A Complete, Exclusive Specialty Shop for Women

5000

New, Crisp Voile Waists

at 95c, \$1.50, \$2.00 and \$2.50



The entire collection is comprised of just such clever pinstriped, lace trimmed, stylish models as the illustrations suggest.

Every woman who sees them will be delighted with this opportunity to secure a supply of these sheer, pretty waists at their particular August pricings, which represent a liberal saving.

A new shipment of fresh **WHITE TUB SKIRTS** has just been received. Such a splendid variety of trim styles in excellent quality Gabardine, Pique, Gofine and Cords, that their desirability cannot be over-estimated at \$5.00.

Note to Mothers: In our "LITTLE DAUGHTERS" SECTION you will find the most fetching of Plaid Gingham, Striped Voile and Plain Chambray Frocks for the little Miss to slip into when she makes her semi-dress toilet toward the end of a perfect day.

Two Specialized Groups: One composed of Dresses formerly priced at \$2.50—now \$1.50. A choice of adorable little puffed, tucked and otherwise daintily trimmed Frocks, reduced from \$3.75—for immediate selling, \$2.50.

life seek residences in other states where the tax laws are more just.

"Double Edged Menace." The utter lack of strict and uniform enforcement of the tax system in this state and the amount of the inequality and injustice disclosed by scrutiny of the personal property tax lists is a double-edged menace to every citizen.

"Only an optimistic confidence that there will be no more hard times can cause our people to live in dead dependency. Many of our best millionaires apparently will not be able to meet their monthly pay rolls and enjoy luxuries unless they forego their summer vacations. In the recent campaign for the much-needed Red Cross it developed that many citizens contributed more than the assessor had guessed them to be worth.

One in Five Pay. There are 600,000 male voters in Cook county. The board of assessors has listed only about half that number as corporations for personal property assessment this year and the board of review may reduce this number to 120,000. This leads me to believe that only one in every five voters is financially responsible enough to pay taxes."

Frederick Rents Leaves \$215,000. The estate of \$215,000, consisting of real estate, is left by Frederick Rents, who died on June 11. His widow, Mrs. Mary, who died on June 13, 1910, left a sum of \$315,000. The sum given to the use of the income from the estate during her lifetime and at her death will be divided between the two daughters, Mrs. Emma A. W. Schweiger and Miss Elsie E. Rents.

One in Five Pay.

"The present tax system is the cause of many people leaving the state of Illinois and has caused many taxpayers to become tax dodgers, according to statements made yesterday by Stephen G. Griffin, chief clerk of the board of review.

"The present system turns honest men into tax dodgers, keeps them on the grill for the sins it thrusts upon them, and puts an unfair burden on the owner of homes and real estate who cannot hide his property from the assessor," asserted Mr. Griffin. "It is no wonder that good honest citizens in all walks of life are giving up their property to the tax system."

Travel hats, 8.75

dress hats, 8.75

girlish hats

Travel hats, 8.75

Velvet and hats, 8.75

SECTION TWO.
GENERAL NEWS, SOCIETY,
MARKETS, WANT ADS.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST
NEWSPAPER

THE UNITED STATES
IS IN THIS WAR TO WIN

* 13

"POOR OLD BILL," DOLLAR PATRIOT LANDIS' REPLY

Makes a Great Discovery
on Du Pont Powder
Pay Roll.

New York, Aug. 7.—[Special]—"Poor Old Bill! That is all I care to say," was Judge Landis' comment when shown the statement made by Mayor Thompson. He had just returned from Washington.

"My brother Charles has been with the Du Pont Powder company for eight years," the judge said. "Mayor Thompson appears to be in possession of some exclusive information that he is a lobbyist."

"What a distressing thing it must be to a man of the mayor's deep patriotic convictions to learn that somebody is working in a powder mill."

LANDIS DOLLAR PATRIOT?
Mayor Thompson struck back at Judge Landis yesterday. He called the federal jurist, who has criticized him unspuriously, a "dollar patriot" and advised him to "clean up his own back yard."

When the mood of battle was upon him, the mayor took a swing at President Wilson, Levy Mayer, Wall street, and Jacob Loeb.

"More Pro-American,"
I regret that Judge Landis has seen fit to throw mud on me, a high power and attack me. I am more pro-American than he. He is for war. I have learned what I believe are the true motives for his spectacular display of dollar patriotism. His brother, who was a member of congress for several terms, is the lobbyist in Washington for the Du Pont Powder works, which has made enormous profits out of the war.

I specified this while I was in the east. It supplies the clew to Judge Landis' dollar patriotism and explains why he denounced a mayor who is for America first and who believes that our young men should not be conscripted and sent to die in foreign trenches. I am for raising an army and keeping it at home to repel foreign invasion.

"The Du Pont Powder works cleaned up a profit of \$1,000,000, \$15,000,000 a year. These profits are more interesting to some people than the shedding of the blood of our young men. Dollar patriots are dollar patriots because they are a money bag hanging on the end of a stick."

Mayor Generalizes.

"I would denounce any federal judge whose brother was a lobbyist for such a concern as the DuPont Powder works. Before Judge Landis issues any further denunciations of me, he should clean up his own back yard."

"I do you no harm by the elimination of the reference to the Kaiser from the public school spelling book," Mayor Thompson was asked.

"I am pro-American," he replied. "If they put the stars and stripes in the spelling, it would be better. I am for teaching our children to be patriots. The way to do this is to kindle their interest in our heroes as George Washington and Abraham Lincoln."

"President Wilson has said that the war is in the name of democracy," it was suggested.

"Yes," said the mayor. "The president also said he should be reelected because he had kept us out of war. Washington said we should keep clear of entangling European alliances."

Patriotic Wall Street.

The mayor referred to Levy Mayer's connection with United States Industrial Alcohol as follows:

"The patriotism of some people runs to money making. If you judged by the flag on display you would think Wall street was the most patriotic place in the country. The brokers do not measure up to the flag. War does not mean war to the brokers."

"Jacob Loeb has suggested that a public school be named the Lundin school. That would be a better name than to call it the Loeb school."

Concerning Flags.

"I have been criticized because of the lack of flags on the city hall. Two years ago when I ordered electric flags for the city hall Ald. Merriam and some newspapers called them advertisements for the mayor's cabaret. I was the first to point out that I said in the statement that newspapers that declared I prohibited the sale of Liberty bonds in the city hall lied. They also lied about the invitation to the French mission. It was the duty of a board of aldermen to issue the invitation and I concurred in it."

**HER WHITE HAIR
AIDS IN FRAUD,
THEN DOWNFALL**

"Her hair was white and she explained that she needed \$10," related A. E. Gauldin, manager of the General Fire Extinguisher company. His dinner companion, S. B. Lincoln, manager of the Lockwood-Green company, mechanical engineers, nodded:

"And did she have a letter of introduction?"

"Yes."

"And knew somebody you used to know?"

"Yes."

"I was stung by her, too," said Lincoln.

Yesterday Gauldin met the white-haired woman to a lops office building. He notified the police and they arrested her. She refused to give her name.

SUPER-HONEST

Wife Returns \$225 She Thinks
Her Husband Embzzled.

She entered the office of the Haas detective agency, 180 North Dearborn street, placed nine parcels on the desk of the manager and said:

"Open them."

He did. Each parcel contained twenty-five \$1 bills.

"Embzzled," she explained. "My husband did it. His name is Frank A. Porter, and he lives at 2304 West Harrison street. He took the money from the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad. I'm afraid to live with him. He will kill me when he gets enough money."

The police were notified and found Porter, a watchman employed by the railroad. He had no access to any of the company's funds, he said. His wife had recently been discharged from the Kenosha asylum for the insane. Porter was not held. The police are trying to locate his wife.

TWO WIVES AND TWO BABIES SEND HUSBAND TO JAIL

Edward Miller is an itinerant actor. His wife No. 3, a woman, No. 4, a woman, No. 5, a woman, No. 6, a woman, No. 7, a woman, No. 8, a woman, No. 9, a woman, No. 10, a woman, No. 11, a woman, No. 12, a woman, No. 13, a woman, No. 14, a woman, No. 15, a woman, No. 16, a woman, No. 17, a woman, No. 18, a woman, No. 19, a woman, No. 20, a woman, No. 21, a woman, No. 22, a woman, No. 23, a woman, No. 24, a woman, No. 25, a woman, No. 26, a woman, No. 27, a woman, No. 28, a woman, No. 29, a woman, No. 30, a woman, No. 31, a woman, No. 32, a woman, No. 33, a woman, No. 34, a woman, No. 35, a woman, No. 36, a woman, No. 37, a woman, No. 38, a woman, No. 39, a woman, No. 40, a woman, No. 41, a woman, No. 42, a woman, No. 43, a woman, No. 44, a woman, No. 45, a woman, No. 46, a woman, No. 47, a woman, No. 48, a woman, No. 49, a woman, No. 50, a woman, No. 51, a woman, No. 52, a woman, No. 53, a woman, No. 54, a woman, No. 55, a woman, No. 56, a woman, No. 57, a woman, No. 58, a woman, No. 59, a woman, No. 60, a woman, No. 61, a woman, No. 62, a woman, No. 63, a woman, No. 64, a woman, No. 65, a woman, No. 66, a woman, No. 67, a woman, No. 68, a woman, No. 69, a woman, No. 70, a woman, No. 71, a woman, No. 72, a woman, No. 73, a woman, No. 74, a woman, No. 75, a woman, No. 76, a woman, No. 77, a woman, No. 78, a woman, No. 79, a woman, No. 80, a woman, No. 81, a woman, No. 82, a woman, No. 83, a woman, No. 84, a woman, No. 85, a woman, No. 86, a woman, No. 87, a woman, No. 88, a woman, No. 89, a woman, No. 90, a woman, No. 91, a woman, No. 92, a woman, No. 93, a woman, No. 94, a woman, No. 95, a woman, No. 96, a woman, No. 97, a woman, No. 98, a woman, No. 99, a woman, No. 100, a woman, No. 101, a woman, No. 102, a woman, No. 103, a woman, No. 104, a woman, No. 105, a woman, No. 106, a woman, No. 107, a woman, No. 108, a woman, No. 109, a woman, No. 110, a woman, No. 111, a woman, No. 112, a woman, No. 113, a woman, No. 114, a woman, No. 115, a woman, No. 116, a woman, No. 117, a woman, No. 118, a woman, No. 119, a woman, No. 120, a woman, No. 121, a woman, No. 122, a woman, No. 123, a woman, No. 124, a woman, No. 125, a woman, No. 126, a woman, No. 127, a woman, No. 128, a woman, No. 129, a woman, No. 130, a woman, No. 131, a woman, No. 132, a woman, No. 133, a woman, No. 134, a woman, No. 135, a woman, No. 136, a woman, No. 137, a woman, No. 138, a woman, No. 139, a woman, No. 140, a woman, No. 141, a woman, No. 142, a woman, No. 143, a woman, No. 144, a woman, No. 145, a woman, No. 146, a woman, No. 147, a woman, No. 148, a woman, No. 149, a woman, No. 150, a woman, No. 151, a woman, No. 152, a woman, No. 153, a woman, No. 154, a woman, No. 155, a woman, No. 156, a woman, No. 157, a woman, No. 158, a woman, No. 159, a woman, No. 160, a woman, No. 161, a woman, No. 162, a woman, No. 163, a woman, No. 164, a woman, No. 165, a woman, No. 166, a woman, No. 167, a woman, No. 168, a woman, No. 169, a woman, No. 170, a woman, No. 171, a woman, No. 172, a woman, No. 173, a woman, No. 174, a woman, No. 175, a woman, No. 176, a woman, No. 177, a woman, No. 178, a woman, No. 179, a woman, No. 180, a woman, No. 181, a woman, No. 182, a woman, No. 183, a woman, No. 184, a woman, No. 185, a woman, No. 186, a woman, No. 187, a woman, No. 188, a woman, No. 189, a woman, No. 190, a woman, No. 191, a woman, No. 192, a woman, No. 193, a woman, No. 194, a woman, No. 195, a woman, No. 196, a woman, No. 197, a woman, No. 198, a woman, No. 199, a woman, No. 200, a woman, No. 201, a woman, No. 202, a woman, No. 203, a woman, No. 204, a woman, No. 205, a woman, No. 206, a woman, No. 207, a woman, No. 208, a woman, No. 209, a woman, No. 210, a woman, No. 211, a woman, No. 212, a woman, No. 213, a woman, No. 214, a woman, No. 215, a woman, No. 216, a woman, No. 217, a woman, No. 218, a woman, No. 219, a woman, No. 220, a woman, No. 221, a woman, No. 222, a woman, No. 223, a woman, No. 224, a woman, No. 225, a woman, No. 226, a woman, No. 227, a woman, No. 228, a woman, No. 229, a woman, No. 230, a woman, No. 231, a woman, No. 232, a woman, No. 233, a woman, No. 234, a woman, No. 235, a woman, No. 236, a woman, No. 237, a woman, No. 238, a woman, No. 239, a woman, No. 240, a woman, No. 241, a woman, No. 242, a woman, No. 243, a woman, No. 244, a woman, No. 245, a woman, No. 246, a woman, No. 247, a woman, No. 248, a woman, No. 249, a woman, No. 250, a woman, No. 251, a woman, No. 252, a woman, No. 253, a woman, No. 254, a woman, No. 255, a woman, No. 256, a woman, No. 257, a woman, No. 258, a woman, No. 259, a woman, No. 260, a woman, No. 261, a woman, No. 262, a woman, No. 263, a woman, No. 264, a woman, No. 265, a woman, No. 266, a woman, No. 267, a woman, No. 268, a woman, No. 269, a woman, No. 270, a woman, No. 271, a woman, No. 272, a woman, No. 273, a woman, No. 274, a woman, No. 275, a woman, No. 276, a woman, No. 277, a woman, No. 278, a woman, No. 279, a woman, No. 280, a woman, No. 281, a woman, No. 282, a woman, No. 283, a woman, No. 284, a woman, No. 285, a woman, No. 286, a woman, No. 287, a woman, No. 288, a woman, No. 289, a woman, No. 290, a woman, No. 291, a woman, No. 292, a woman, No. 293, a woman, No. 294, a woman, No. 295, a woman, No. 296, a woman, No. 297, a woman, No. 298, a woman, No. 299, a woman, No. 300, a woman, No. 301, a woman, No. 302, a woman, No. 303, a woman, No. 304, a woman, No. 305, a woman, No. 306, a woman, No. 307, a woman, No. 308, a woman, No. 309, a woman, No. 310, a woman, No. 311, a woman, No. 312, a woman, No. 313, a woman, No. 314, a woman, No. 315, a woman, No. 316, a woman, No. 317, a woman, No. 318, a woman, No. 319, a woman, No. 320, a woman, No. 321, a woman, No. 322, a woman, No. 323, a woman, No. 324, a woman, No. 325, a woman, No. 326, a woman, No. 327, a woman, No. 328, a woman, No. 329, a woman, No. 330, a woman, No. 331, a woman, No. 332, a woman, No. 333, a woman, No. 334, a woman, No. 335, a woman, No. 336, a woman, No. 337, a woman, No. 338, a woman, No. 339, a woman, No. 340, a woman, No. 341, a woman, No. 342, a woman, No. 343, a woman, No. 344, a woman, No. 345, a woman, No. 346, a woman, No. 347, a woman, No. 348, a woman, No. 349, a woman, No. 350, a woman, No. 351, a woman, No. 352, a woman, No. 353, a woman, No. 354, a woman, No. 355, a woman, No. 356, a woman, No. 357, a woman, No. 358, a woman, No. 359, a woman, No. 360, a woman, No. 361, a woman, No. 362, a woman, No. 363, a woman, No. 364, a woman, No. 365, a woman, No. 366, a woman, No. 367, a woman, No. 368, a woman, No. 369, a woman, No. 370, a woman, No. 371, a woman, No. 372, a woman, No. 373, a woman, No. 374, a woman, No. 375, a woman, No. 376, a woman, No. 377, a woman, No. 378, a woman, No. 379, a woman, No. 380, a woman, No. 381, a woman, No. 382, a woman, No. 383, a woman, No. 384, a woman, No. 385, a woman, No. 386, a woman, No. 387, a woman, No. 388, a woman, No. 389, a woman, No. 390, a woman, No. 391, a woman, No. 392, a woman, No. 393, a woman, No. 394, a woman, No. 395, a woman, No. 396, a woman, No. 397, a woman, No. 398, a woman, No. 399, a woman, No. 400, a woman, No. 401, a woman, No. 402, a woman, No. 403, a woman, No. 404, a woman, No. 405, a woman, No. 406, a woman, No. 407, a woman, No. 408, a woman, No. 409, a woman, No. 410, a woman, No. 411, a woman, No. 412, a woman, No. 413, a woman, No. 414, a woman, No. 415, a woman, No. 416, a woman, No. 417, a woman, No. 418, a woman, No. 419, a woman, No. 420, a woman, No. 421, a woman, No. 422, a woman, No. 423, a woman, No. 424, a woman, No. 425, a woman, No. 426, a woman, No. 427, a woman, No. 428, a woman, No. 429, a woman, No. 430, a woman, No. 431, a woman, No. 432, a woman, No. 433, a woman, No. 434, a woman, No. 435, a woman, No. 436, a woman, No. 437, a woman, No. 438, a woman, No. 439, a woman, No. 440, a woman, No. 441, a woman, No. 442, a woman, No. 443, a woman, No. 444, a woman, No. 445, a woman, No. 446, a woman, No. 447, a woman, No. 448, a woman, No. 449, a woman, No. 450, a woman, No. 451, a woman, No. 452, a woman, No. 453, a woman, No. 454, a woman, No. 455, a woman, No. 456, a woman, No. 457, a woman, No. 458, a woman, No. 459, a woman, No. 460, a woman, No. 461, a woman, No. 462, a woman, No. 463, a woman, No. 464, a woman, No. 465, a woman, No. 466, a woman, No. 467, a woman, No. 468, a woman, No. 469, a woman, No. 470, a woman, No. 471, a woman, No. 472, a woman, No. 473, a woman, No. 474, a woman, No. 475, a woman, No. 476, a woman, No. 477, a woman, No. 478, a woman, No. 479, a woman, No. 480, a woman, No. 481, a woman, No. 482, a woman, No. 483, a woman, No. 484, a woman, No. 485, a woman, No. 486, a woman, No. 487, a woman, No. 488, a woman, No. 489, a woman, No. 490, a woman, No. 491, a woman, No. 492, a woman, No. 493, a woman, No. 494, a woman, No. 495, a woman, No. 496, a woman, No. 497, a woman, No. 498, a woman, No. 499, a woman, No. 500, a woman, No. 501, a woman, No. 502, a woman, No. 503, a woman, No. 504, a woman, No. 505, a woman, No. 506, a woman, No. 507, a woman, No. 508, a woman, No. 509, a woman, No. 510, a woman, No. 511, a woman, No. 512, a woman, No. 513, a woman, No. 514,

FASHION'S
BLUE BOOK

BY CORINNE LOWE.

NEW YORK.—(Special Correspondence.)—If already have your mind fixed upon Sue's trunk—the frocks and hot water bag and dressing gown which are to accompany the daughter on her flight to college or boarding school—a memorandum might be made of the charming little or gaudy frock designed by one of our New York dressmakers for the girl in her late teens and early twenties. For there are even now, in the catalogues, a gaudy frock months ahead of us—afternoon frocks of this sort may be worn, either with or without coat in the stroll over the campus, and all winter a pretty

dainty little tub dress of this sort looks well at dinner.

It is made on extremely simple lines with only the very narrow black satin ribbon at the neck and the place of point of the bodice, give distinction to the effect. The line checked organdy which you see is done in light blue and the bodice is white and also, of course, of organdy.

New lingerie frocks made up by smart dressmakers for the finish of the season show a great deal of ribbon. For instance, one frock of white cotton crepe has a wide blue ribbon belt, and another not one tag of lace or embroidery—just the bands of green ribbons which go over the shoulders and develop into a sash.

Real Love Stories

Fall in Love "Feel First."

MY uncle, a young doctor, had his office on the lower floor of an office building. These rooms were at the same level, so that the windows permitted a view of only the feet of passersby.

For two years my uncle had noticed a girl passing at the same time each morn-



ing and he found himself unconsciously watching for that particular pair of feet. He could see only the lower hem of the skirt and the shoes, but he had from that formed an estimate of the person.

She was young—the step was always light and alert.

She was strong and dependable. In the two years she had never missed a day nor been late, no matter how inclement the weather.

She was very neat. This from the fact that her shoes were always blackened and well polished, and the hem of her skirt, always hung straight and well with pressure. She belonged to the "middle class."

She wore the same shoes and blue serge skirt many months. And lastly she was unmarried because she was self-supporting.

My uncle later confessed as to some misgivings in the last deduction. Because a girl worked was no sign he was not interested.

But finally one morning his interest got the best of him and he went up to the street and followed her to find where she

"The Tribune" will pay \$5 for every real love story published. If you know of any such story, write it in 200 words. Address Doris Blake, "The Tribune," Chicago. No manuscripts returned. If you have a perplexing love affair, write to the author of the column, or to a friend, write Doris Blake. Send stamped addressed envelope if you wish personal reply.

worked. For the first time he saw her face and found his deductions were right, but inadequate.

He wasted some time in finding a mutual acquaintance to introduce him and a still longer time in convincing her that he was Mr. Right, but eventually he succeeded, and she is now the most adorable "aunt" a person could have. D. L.

Wants Picture Taken Together. Dear Miss Blake: I am a young man of 15 and am going with a girl aged 14. We went through school together and know each other quite well. As we had no pictures taken for graduation, would it be improper for me to ask her to have her picture taken with me? HARRY.

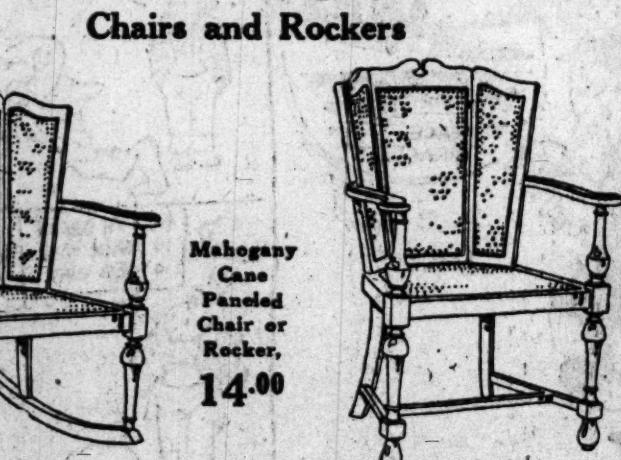
O. Harry, O. Harry! How you must be willing to submit to the ridicule that you would surely get were you to have your pictures taken together! If you must do something, send her a box of candy or buy her an ice cream soda.

Reason to Be Happy. Dear Miss Blake: I am very, very rich, and am engaged to the most wonderful man in the world. I have a lovely tressouze and am to be married in Japan in a few months. Now, would you tell me what could make me any happier than this? BROWNIE.

I can't imagine anything to make you happier and here's my best wishes that no cloud will ever shadow your happiness.

Revell & Co.

The Better Furniture
Special Sale of Solid Mahogany Cane Paneled Chairs and Rockers



Solid mahogany cane seat and cane paneled back Chair and Rocker, highest grade workmanship and finish.

Wabash Ave. Alexander H. Revell & Co. Adams St.

Tribune Cook Book

All recipes have been scientifically tested by Miss McDaniel with other market materials and are indexed by her.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Get a picture in your mind of food cooking in a jar, set in boiling water—cooking evenly, mind you. This jar is like a magnet in a complete coil of wire, or a body in Niagara rapids; at any rate it is in a complete swirl of boiling water. Liquid is lost from jars only partially covered. A canning diagnostician, government man, says that the most common difficulty in canning is loss of liquid from the cans, and that one reason for this is that most people do not put in as much water as they think they do. It is not wise to wait for all the water to seep down through vegetables that might so seep if added and given time. Better the shrinkage.

On Sealing Jars. NY Canning direction that leaves us puzzleing for long over its meaning is not a perfected direction.

Since the whole object of canning is to conserve foods, every step is progressively important, because the food has added to it our time and work. When a ladder our hold should become more secure as we approach the top. A great many people are falling down from the top round in this canning business. In some cases it is not their fault but is due to the directions they are following.

For instance, what does the last phrase in some recently printed directions mean? "Put on rubber and adjust cover, with a mason jar screw within two turns of being tight."

Have you ever seen the turns on a mason jar? How many do you find? Mine have one complete round with a lapsing of about two inches. Do you suppose any two persons give twists of exactly the same length in making this turn? I think it would be difficult to standardize that "two turns."

Some late single leaf directions from the government read: "Screw down the cover." Two years back the directions said, "Put cover and rubber in place." This year it has been, "Use only the thumb and little finger in tightening it"; that is, do not screw up as hard as possible. A bulletin from a state which prides itself on giving the best service has the statement: "In case of a screw top jar put on the rubber and screw it down reasonably tight and then back about one-fourth turn."

Kids, 40 South Clark.—"The Terror of Twin Mountain," with E. Forrest Taylor.

LYRIC, State, near Madison.—"The Cuckoo Gaze," with Fannie Ward.

RANDOBOX, Madison, near La Salle.—"Outlaw's Revenge," with Mae Marsh.

BIG DREAM, 114 State, State—

"Music in Pictures," with Earl Carroll.

BOSTON, Clark, near Washington.—"The Food Gamblers," with Wilfred Lucas.

CASINO, 55 West Madison.—"The Re-

turn," with Dorothy Phillips.

CASTLE, State, near Madison.—"The Little American," with Mary Pickford.

CHARLES, State, near Harrison.—"The Dancer's Peril," directed musical comedy.

GEN, 450 South State—"The Grudge."

GENE, 500 South State—

"The Cleanup," with Franklin Farmar.

ROSE, 63 West Madison.—"The Little

Admiral," with Fannie Ward.

ROYAL, State, near Van Buren.—"Un-

der Two Flags," with Theda Bara.

STAR, 68 West Madison.—"Sold at

Studieraker, Michigan, near Van

Buren.—"The Lone Wolf," with Hazel Dawn.

U. S. MUSIC HALL, State, near Harrison.—"The Bound," with Hazel Dawn.

WORLD, 61 West Randolph.—"His Fi-

nal Blowout," with Hank Mann.

ZIEGFELD, Michigan, near Seventh-

"One Law for Both," with Rita Jolivet.

Claire McDowell

She is a Lady of Mystery and of a Cleverness Extraordinary in This Picture.

BY JANE EDDINGTON.

Get a picture in your mind of food cooking in a jar, set in boiling water—cooking evenly, mind you. This jar is like a magnet in a complete coil of wire, or a body in Niagara rapids; at any rate it is in a complete swirl of boiling water. Liquid is lost from jars only partially covered. A canning diagnostician, government man, says that the most common difficulty in canning is loss of liquid from the cans, and that one reason for this is that most people do not put in as much water as they think they do. It is not wise to wait for all the water to seep down through vegetables that might so seep if added and given time. Better the shrinkage.

On Sealing Jars. NY Canning direction that leaves us puzzleing for long over its meaning is not a perfected direction.

Since the whole object of canning is to conserve foods, every step is progressively important, because the food has added to it our time and work. When a ladder our hold should become more secure as we approach the top. A great many people are falling down from the top round in this canning business. In some cases it is not their fault but is due to the directions they are following.

For instance, what does the last phrase in some recently printed directions mean? "Put on rubber and adjust cover, with a mason jar screw within two turns of being tight."

Have you ever seen the turns on a mason jar? How many do you find? Mine have one complete round with a lapsing of about two inches. Do you suppose any two persons give twists of exactly the same length in making this turn? I think it would be difficult to standardize that "two turns."

Some late single leaf directions from the government read: "Screw down the cover." Two years back the directions said, "Put cover and rubber in place." This year it has been, "Use only the thumb and little finger in tightening it"; that is, do not screw up as hard as possible. A bulletin from a state which prides itself on giving the best service has the statement: "In case of a screw top jar put on the rubber and screw it down reasonably tight and then back about one-fourth turn."

Kids, 40 South Clark.—"The Terror of Twin Mountain," with E. Forrest Taylor.

LYRIC, State, near Madison.—"The Cuckoo Gaze," with Fannie Ward.

RANDOBOX, Madison, near La Salle.—"Outlaw's Revenge," with Mae Marsh.

BIG DREAM, 114 State, State—

"Music in Pictures," with Earl Carroll.

BOSTON, Clark, near Washington.—"The Food Gamblers," with Wilfred Lucas.

CASINO, 55 West Madison.—"The Re-

turn," with Dorothy Phillips.

CASTLE, State, near Madison.—"The Little American," with Mary Pickford.

CHARLES, State, near Harrison.—"The Dancer's Peril," directed musical comedy.

GEN, 450 South State—"The Grudge."

GENE, 500 South State—

"The Cleanup," with Franklin Farmar.

ROSE, 63 West Madison.—"Sold at

Studieraker, Michigan, near Van

Buren.—"The Lone Wolf," with Hazel Dawn.

U. S. MUSIC HALL, State, near Harrison.—"The Bound," with Hazel Dawn.

WORLD, 61 West Randolph.—"His Fi-

nal Blowout," with Hank Mann.

ZIEGFELD, Michigan, near Seventh-

"One Law for Both," with Rita Jolivet.

A Regular Girl
Is Brownie Vernon
in "The Clean-Up"

BY MABEL MCLELLIOTT.

Produced by Bluebird.

Directed by William Worthington.

Presented at the Playhouse.

THE CAST.

Stuart Adams.....Brownie Vernon

Hasel Richards.....Marc Fenton

James Richards.....Mary Talbot

Mark Richards.....Vera Vincent

Joe Ely.....Oscar Benson

Ed Linder.....Albert McQuarrie

Wilbur McLean.....William Human

THE CLEAN-UP.

Produced by Bluebird.

Directed by William Worthington.

Presented at the Playhouse.

THE CAST.

Stuart Adams.....Brownie Vernon

Hasel Richards.....Marc Fenton

James Richards.....Mary Talbot

Mark Richards.....Vera Vincent

Joe Ely.....Oscar Benson

Ed Linder.....Albert McQuarrie

Wilbur McLean.....William Human

THE CLEAN-UP.

Produced by Bluebird.

Directed by William Worthington.

Presented at the Playhouse.

THE CAST.

Stuart Adams.....Brownie Vernon

Hasel Richards.....Marc Fenton

James Richards.....Mary Talbot

Mark Richards.....Vera Vincent

Joe Ely.....Oscar Benson

Ed Linder.....Albert McQuarrie

Wilbur McLean.....William Human

THE CLEAN-UP.

Produced by Bluebird.

Directed by William Worthington.

Presented at the Playhouse.

THE CAST.

Stuart Adams.....Brownie Vernon

Hasel Richards.....Marc Fenton

James Richards.....Mary Talbot

Mark Richards.....Vera Vincent

Joe Ely.....Oscar Benson

Ed Linder.....Albert McQuarrie

Wilbur McLean.....

Society and Entertainments

Chicago Yacht Club to Fete Men in Service

There will be something unusual in parties this evening at the Chicago Yacht club, when a dinner which will be very formal will be given for men of the club who have joined the colors. Each member will be permitted to bring two guests, and the affair promises to be one of the occasions that the men who are soon to have active duty will always remember.

The members of the Chicago Yacht club who are in the government service are William T. Cooper, William M. Denby, T. J. Prindiville, E. B. Weber, John T. McClurg, L. C. Roberts, Paul Granger, Ayres, Boud, Charles W. Geels, Charles V. Schick, George L. Wood, Milton Wilson, C. G. Cook, T. W. Johnson, David Evans, Charles D. Johnson, Thomas J. Kelly, C. B. McDonald, Harold D. Huzzaugh, Morris M. Smith, Edward Gundlach, W. W. Hoyt, Daniel Rogers, William B. Ashby, R. A. Mead, and Adrian Walker.

Nothing but the weather can mar the success of the Exempt Country club dinner, which will be given this evening. The number of dinner parties preceding the ball has reached such a figure that no more reservations can be made at the clubhouse. A good many north shore hostesses are giving private dinner parties on that evening, taking their guests later to the ball, which is scheduled to open at 9 o'clock, with the advent of the guests of honor, Capt. and Mrs. W. A. Moffett and Col. and Mrs. W. H. L. Thompson, in the private room reserved for them in the head of the outdoor dancing pavilion.

There is to be no decorations to the dancing pavilion, the decorations starting from arches of foliage over the circle of flag draped boxes about the dancing platform. The entire grounds will be treated in similar fashion, and will be a bower of foliage, flowers, and flags.

Miss Naomi Scanlan is active among the younger set who are busily working on garments for the French and Belgian war sufferers.

Miss Naomi Scanlan
PHOTO © BY MOFFETT.

Miss Naomi Scanlan is active among the younger set who are busily working on garments for the French and Belgian war sufferers.

Thousands for Polish Peasants

An amount which Hobart C. Chatfield-Taylor said would be "well up in the thousands" was raised for the Polish peasant war sufferers at a lecture given by the Countess De Gzowski Tuczynowicz at Fairlawn, the Chatfield-Taylor residence in Lake Forest, last night.

The countess' husband is a Russian army officer. She spoke of the atrocious methods which she had committed against the Polish peasant when the Germans invaded their territory.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Laurence Arbour, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Aldis, Mr. and Mrs. William V. Kelly, Mr. and Mrs. Francis Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Baker, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Durand, Mr. and Mrs. George Cudahy, Mr. and Mrs. George McKibbin, Mr. and Mrs. Clyde M. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. Carter Pittsburgh, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Warner, and Mr. and Mrs. Albert M. Day.

The music will be furnished by the band from the Great Lakes Training station and Fort Sheridan, which will play for dinner and alternately for the dancing during the evening.

Stately jackets from the training station will be stationed at the gate and under the grand stand leading to the clubhouse. Members will be advised to have their invitations for themselves and guests ready to present at the gate, to avoid confusion.

Even the rains could not dampen the ardor of Onondaga's golfers yesterday, although their garments suffered and more than one man was seen wringing the water from shirt and trousers and was so wet that they had to be whisked off home for a complete change of clothing. This happened to Mrs. D. Mark Cummings, the president, so that Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman, Mrs. Wm. P. Martin, Mrs. Frank Hibbard, Mrs. Lawrence Armour, Mrs. Kenneth Goodman, Mrs. Charles Adst, Mrs. James Keeley, Miss Young, Mrs. Harry Clew, Mrs. Jessie Spalding, Mrs. J. O. Hinkley, Mrs. Cyrus Adair, Mrs. Benjamin Winchell, Mrs. Ripley, Miss George, Mrs. Mabel Betty Hoyt, Miss Cesarey Letts, Miss Edith Cummings and Miss Elizabeth Adst.

Mrs. Hobart Chatfield-Taylor presided at the golf luncheon table, which was an extra long affair and decorated profusely with vases of sweet peat and reated fifty or more.

Amidst the thunders, besides Mrs. Chatfield-Taylor, were Mrs. Edward Cudahy, Mrs. Byron Harvey, Mrs. Robert Thorne, Mrs. John Chapman

LE HELP.

Offices.
ERY RAPID AND
to references, and
The World Book
LICERS.0 MEN FOR
AGE CLAIMS
WARD & CO.IN OFFICE OF
ment position; good
roughly experi-
tional work; must give
Hotel 2100 Lincoln
ABOUT 19 YRS.HEN VACANCIES FOR
EN OF GOOD AT-
AS PERSONAL AT-
ER, SUPERINTEND-
ELD & CO.FIRST CLASS: CAR-
EXPERIENCED FOR
HED E 113. Tribune.LARGE AUTOMO-
experienced and come
State age experi-
Address E F 500.THE FIRST CLASS;
and phone.STORE CO. OFFERS
opportunities for
efficiency in standard
of a branch
industry need apply; lib-
to person at Newark
11th st.20 YEARS, TO WORK
in education church affil-
Address E J 267.BRIED, NOT OVER
automobile plant;
Shoe Dept. 1000, 10th st.
Dept. Elgin Motor Car
Co. 11th st.EXTENDING AND
West Side company;
the best in all
experience and salary
1800 FOR GEN-
employment good
SHANE-MAISON
car. 11th st. Ask for Mr. Hartman.OFFICE WORK: MUST
secure good address
Address E 535.LUMBER OFFICE
preferably with human
office work. Ad-ABLE, YOUNG, FOR
work, part time, part
advancement. Ad-18: SOME EXP-
good future, state
salary. Address E 2REAL ESTATE OF
com. basis.
AT FIGURES, TO
opportunities west side
D 130. Tribune.
20: MUST WRITE
of fixtures. Ad-UNG MAN MUST BE
with installment busi-
house & Rue House, 2637CLASS, RETAIL SHOE;
assurance. Shoe compa--145, 25, AGE TO
of shipping and pack-
and consider-
the best in all
who is able to grow in
to D 444. Tribune.THOROUGHLY COMPE-
with installment and
North Side pre-
and salary. Ad--EXPERIENCED: FA-
and building. ApplyVICE CLERK ASSIST-
Superior Tanning Co.,COMPETENT, EXP-
and room. Indi-
WITH EXPERIENCE IN
the best in all
Address E 238. Tribune.YOUNG MAN UNDER 21
COURTESY AND POL-
Y 403. Tribune.-EXPERIENCED: FA-
and building. Apply-EXPERIENCED AND WILLING
to assist in office; splendid opportunity.WORK IN LUNCHROOM;
small salary; meals.-EXPERIENCED, ON
a work; long job. Non-
for good future, state
experience. Address E 118. Tribune.BUILDING CONSTRUC-
experienced and com-
good future. Ad-ANTED: GRAPHER,
in with at least
experience, for the
dept. of a large,
concern. This
will give an active
and splendid oppor-
\$16.50 salary tomust be keen, ag-
and accurate, and
high school ed-ing give age, pre-
ference, and phone
Address E E 294.A FIRST CLASS
summer and show
at once; state sal-
samples of card
E AND HENRY,
Michigan-av.
ROIT, MICH.MAN—WITH ALL
fice experience, to
keep cost records;
position; \$18-\$20
state experience in
Address E F 92.WANTED—MALE HELP.
Professions and Trades.
YOUNG MEN—FROM 16 TO
20, for stock work and in
sleeping room in wholesale
furnishings. Apply
WILSON BROS.,
528 S. 5th-av.YOUNG MAN—WITH EXPERIENCE IN
packing and handling wholesale mill
commodities; references required; state age
and salary expected. Address D 118. Tribune.YOUNG MAN—STOCK ROOM IN THE
CLEMENT CO. 1615
W. 5th-av.MEN, FOR CHECKING, STOCKING
FARMING, AND TRUCKING, CAN-
PUS, 111 A. M. THE CHARLES WIL-
LIAM STORES, 636 LAKE SHORE DR.

Executives and Managers.

ASSISTANT
SALES MANAGER
STANDARD CHEMICAL CO.THE SERVICES OF ASSISTANT
MANAGER FOR ILLINOIS: MUST
BE MAN OF EXCELLENCE, WITH
FACILITY WITH ORGAN-
IZATION AND HANDLING, LARGE SALES
AND EXPERTISE IN TRADE PREFERRED, BUT
NOT NECESSARY. Address 310 HOTEL SHERMAN,
111 W. 5th-av. To D 5. WEDNESDAY.LARGE AUTOMO-
experienced and come
State age experi-
Address E F 500.THE FIRST CLASS;
and phone.STORE CO. OFFERS
opportunities for
efficiency in standard
of a branch
industry need apply; lib-
to person at Newark
11th st.20 YEARS, TO WORK
in education church affil-
Address E J 267.BRIED, NOT OVER
automobile plant;
Shoe Dept. 1000, 10th st.
Dept. Elgin Motor Car
Co. 11th st.EXTENDING AND
West Side company;
the best in all
experience and salary
1800 FOR GEN-
employment good
SHANE-MAISON
car. 11th st. Ask for Mr. Hartman.OFFICE WORK: MUST
secure good address
Address E 535.LUMBER OFFICE
preferably with human
office work. Ad-ABLE, YOUNG, FOR
work, part time, part
advancement. Ad-18: SOME EXP-
good future, state
salary. Address E 2REAL ESTATE OF
com. basis.
AT FIGURES, TO
opportunities west side
D 130. Tribune.
20: MUST WRITE
of fixtures. Ad-UNG MAN MUST BE
with installment busi-
house & Rue House, 2637CLASS, RETAIL SHOE;
assurance. Shoe compa--145, 25, AGE TO
of shipping and pack-
and consider-
the best in all
who is able to grow in
to D 444. Tribune.THOROUGHLY COMPE-
with installment and
North Side pre-
and salary. Ad--EXPERIENCED: FA-
and building. ApplyVICE CLERK ASSIST-
Superior Tanning Co.,COMPETENT, EXP-
and room. Indi-
WITH EXPERIENCE IN
the best in all
Address E 238. Tribune.YOUNG MAN UNDER 21
COURTESY AND POL-
Y 403. Tribune.-EXPERIENCED: FA-
and building. Apply-EXPERIENCED AND WILLING
to assist in office; splendid opportunity.WORK IN LUNCHROOM;
small salary; meals.-EXPERIENCED, ON
a work; long job. Non-
for good future, state
experience. Address E 118. Tribune.BUILDING CONSTRUC-
experienced and com-
good future. Ad-ANTED: GRAPHER,
in with at least
experience, for the
dept. of a large,
concern. This
will give an active
and splendid oppor-
\$16.50 salary tomust be keen, ag-
and accurate, and
high school ed-ing give age, pre-
ference, and phone
Address E E 294.WANTED—MALE HELP.
Professions and Trades.
CARPENTERS—50, AT ONCE: FIRST
rate paid; good working and living
conditions; no expenses required. Address
DEPT. BETTERDORY CO., Building Equipment
Co., 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.CARPENTERS—TO BUILD OFFICE PAR-
CORP., Robert St. and Jackson, Vice Electric
CHAUFFEUR—EXPERIENCED YOUNG
man who can make small repairs
South Side. Give name and references. Ad-
D. R. T. 111 W. 5th-av.CHAUFFEUR—MUST BE EXPERIENCED
furniture and piano movers; must have
good car. Apply 12th-av. 10th-st., Chicago.CHAUFFEUR AND GARDENER—WELL ED-
UCATED man, if married, wife as cook; give
name and day desired. Address E 106. Tribune.SILVER MACHINE HAND—EXPERIENCED
and steady; good pay; good record. Ad-
D. R. T. 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.SILVER METAL WORKER—ALL AROUND;
drill, saw, etc. Address 12th-av. 10th-st., Chicago.SILVER METAL WORKER—UNION
for general jobbing shop. Barrett Bldw. Co.TULL,
Room 888 1st Nat. Bank.
Phone Randolph 10.

STATIONARY ENGINEER.

MEN, family or low pressure heating
service; examination Aug. 15. Apply
to 11th-av. 10th-st., Chicago.COFFEE ROASTER—AT ONCE, 750 E.
47th-av. 2nd fl.RIVET MAKER—EXPERIENCED ON ACME
and other tools; steady, sober man need
apply. Chicago Bridge and Iron Works, 10th-st.
and Throop-st.SILVER MACHINE HAND—EXPERIENCED
and steady; good pay; good record. Ad-
D. R. T. 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.SILVER METAL WORKER—UNION
for general jobbing shop. Barrett Bldw. Co.TWO HIGH CLASS MEN,
EXPERIENCED IN
ELECTRICAL SUBSTATION APPARATUS;
AN electric light and power on of steel
on straight branch and allows for easy
and rapid expansion. The Denver Rock Drill
Mfg. Co., 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.MAN WHO IS CAPABLE OF TAKING
charge of a plant; good pay; good
experience. Address E 273. Tribune.DRAFTSMAN—EXPERIENCED FOR CEN-
TRAL PLANT; good pay; good record. Ad-
D. R. T. 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.DRAFTSMAN—MECHANICAL: STATE AGE;
experience; good pay; good record. Ad-
D. R. T. 111 W. 5th-av. Tel. 2100.DRAUGHTSMAN—WITH STONE CUTTER;
good pay; good record. Address E 273. Tribune.ELECTRICIAN—KNOW AND TUBE;
AND conduct work; must be first class
mechanical. Address E 273. Tribune.FITTER,
We require the services of a
thoroughly competent fitter
on women's garments; will
only consider a man who
has had practical experience
on high class work; state
qualifications fully in first letter;
excellent salary and good
future; Gentle only. Address E 9. Tribune.FOREMAN—CAN REPAIR
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.MEN—16 YEARS OR OLDER,
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.BOYS,
16 TO 19 YEARS,
TO PACK PARCEL POST
SHIPMENTS. ALSO A FEW
POSITIONS IN
OUR MERCHANTISE
DEPARTMENTS.APPLY TODAY.
MONTGOMERY WARD & CO.BOYS,
GENERAL STOCK WORK.
PHILIPSBOURG,
900 W. VAN BUREN.BOYS—FOR LARGE REAL ESTATE OFFICE
must be thoroughly experienced in
the handling of real estate; references
required. Address 103rd and Michigan-av.
Ind. in person; 11th-av. 10th-st., Chicago.BOYS—STEADY, NOT FOR STOCK
room and shipping department. Some
experience required. Apply 11th-av. 10th-st., Chicago.BOYS—17 TO LEARN THE WHOLE
SALES GROWTH BUSINESS; part-time
work; good pay; good record. Address E 153. Tribune.BOYS—18 YEARS OR OLDER,
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.BOYS—18 YEARS OR OLDER;
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.BOYS—18 YEARS OR OLDER;
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.BOYS—18 YEARS OR OLDER;
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.BOYS—18 YEARS OR OLDER;
for general office work; good
experience; references. Call 900.
The Gold Bull Cutlery,
111 W. 5th-av.WANTED—MALE HELP.
Professions and Trades.
YOUNG MEN—FROM 16 TO
20, for stock work and in
sleeping room in wholesale
furnishings. Apply
WILSON BROS.,
528 S. 5th-av.YOUNG MAN—WITH EXPERIENCE IN
packing and handling wholesale mill
commodities; references required; state age
and salary expected. Address D 118. Tribune.YOUNG MAN—STOCK ROOM IN THE
CLEMENT CO. 1615
W. 5th-av.MEN, FOR CHECKING, STOCKING
FARMING, AND TRUCKING, CAN-
PUS, 111 A. M. THE CHARLES WIL-
LIAM STORES, 636 LAKE SHORE DR.

Executives and Managers.

ASSISTANT
SALES MANAGER
STANDARD CHEMICAL CO.THE SERVICES OF ASSISTANT
MANAGER FOR ILLINOIS: MUST
BE MAN OF EXCELLENCE, WITH
FACILITY WITH ORGAN-
IZATION AND HANDLING, LARGE SALES
AND EXPERTISE IN TRADE PREFERRED, BUT
NOT NECESSARY. Address 310 HOTEL SHERMAN,
111 W. 5th-av. To D 5. WEDNESDAY.LARGE AUTOMO-
experienced and come
State age experi-
Address E F 500.THE FIRST CLASS;
and phone.STORE CO. OFFERS
opportunities for
efficiency in standard
of a branch
industry need apply; lib-
to person at Newark
11th st.20 YEARS, TO WORK
in education church affil-
Address E J 267.BRIED, NOT OVER
automobile plant;
Shoe Dept. 1000, 10th st.
Dept. Elgin Motor Car
Co. 11th st.EXTENDING AND
West Side company;
the best in all
experience and salary
1800 FOR GEN-
employment good
SHANE-MAISON
car. 11th st. Ask for Mr. Hartman.OFFICE WORK: MUST
secure good address
Address E 535.LUMBER OFFICE
preferably with human
office work. Ad-ABLE, YOUNG, FOR
work, part time, part
advancement. Ad-18: SOME EXP-
good future, state
salary. Address E 2REAL ESTATE OF
com. basis.
AT FIGURES, TO
opportunities west side
D 130. Tribune.
20: MUST WRITE
of fixtures. Ad-UNG MAN MUST BE
with installment busi-
house & Rue House, 2637

